

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. XII. NO. 36.

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1900.

WHOLE NUMBER 608

Hosiery and Underwear.

We shall place on sale TUESDAY a lot of Hosiery bought at much less than value, of a manufacturer that was closing out all stock on hand. These goods are just as they come from the mills. "Run of the Mill," some dealers call them—because they are not sorted over at all. This leaves some among the lot with slight imperfections—as a dropped stitch, an imperfect finished seam, or some other slight imperfection that will not in the least impair the wearing qualities. This mill makes the best wearing goods on the market.

Women's Fast Black Hose, will wear as well as any hose in our department at 25c pair. This sale 10c pair or 3 pair for 25c.

Women's Fast Black Hose—same goods as above—but of a much finer thread and texture at 15c pair or 2 pair for 25c.

Women's Fast Black Woolen Hose—Special value at 25c.

Boy's special value—Fast Black Hose—fine ribbed and heavy ribbed seamless—regular 19c value. This sale only, at 10c pair.

Boy's extra heavy hose—Fast Black—will wear as well as any 25c hose on the market. This lot only at 15c.

Boy's 25c Wool Hose. This sale only at 19c.

UNDERWEAR.

For a short time only at these prices.

We have some especially good items in Underwear that we offer while while they last.

Men's White Merino shirts and drawers 25c.

Natural Fleece extra heavy shirts and drawers—plain or mottled—worth 75c. This sale 50c.

Women's White Fleece Union Suits—extra good for 35c. Worth 50c.

Women's White or Ecu Vests and Pants 50c quality for 39c.

Children's—all sizes—very heavy and fine fleeced Vests and Pants—ribbed—35c quality for 25c.

Women's Wool—natural color—Vests and Pants—all sizes—ribbed—regular \$1.00 value. Now 75c.

SPECIAL VALUE—Women's Black Equestrienne Pants at \$1.00.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications

JARDINIERES.

If you are interested in Jardinieres? Notice our fine display in our south show window.

We are offering them from 10c to \$1.50

White Jardinieres with gold decorations

Hand Painted Jardinieres

Blue, Green, Brown and Mottled Jardinieres

FLOWER POTS.

Small size 3 cents.

Medium size 4 cents.

Large size 8 cents.

GROCERIES.

In our Grocery Department we are offering:

New California Raisins

New California Prunes

New Apricots

New Figs

The choicest Seeded Raisins in packages

Fine Table Syrup 25c gallon

There is no time so good as now for trying our 35c Tea

Money spent for our 25c Mocha and Java Coffee is spent for quality. Try it.

For the Lowest Prices come to the

BANK DRUG STORE.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NUMBER 8

GRANTED A FRANCHISE

Wm. A. Boland is the Man Who Will Build an Electric Road Here.

TO BE BEGUN WITHIN ONE YEAR

A Large Number of Citizens Were Present at the Meeting, and Sentiments Expressed Favored Granting Mr. Boland the Franchise.

Chelsea is to have an electric railroad. This is something that she has been promised for a long time, but this is the first time that any one has exhibited any signs that they were in earnest.

A special meeting of the council was held last evening for the purpose of receiving propositions in regard to granting a franchise for an electric road. There were so many of the citizens who wanted to hear the proceedings that an adjournment to the main room of the hall was taken, where Wm. Boland was called upon to state his position in regard to the matter and give an outline of what was asked. He said that his intention was to build a line from Jackson to Ann Arbor, from there to Plymouth and Detroit.

He owns the franchise from Battle Creek to Jackson, owns the Jackson street railway, and Grass Lake and has a portion of the distance between the last two places graded. He has also been granted the franchise at Dexter. He said that when he asked for franchises he looked upon the question from the citizens' standpoint. He asked for the choice of two routes through the village, either to go on Middle street from the fair ground to Madison street, or if he comes in over the Territorial road he wanted to come in on Main street. This point was changed and Wilkinson street substituted for Main. He said that he could talk until morning upon the advantages a village derives from an electric line. He also said that he would in all probability build a line from Manchester to Chelsea as a feeder to his main line and possibly from other towns.

An expression from the people was asked in regard to the matter in hand and Dr. Chase of Dexter was called upon. He said that the position in Dexter was different than of Chelsea, as they had only the chance to get one road, and Chelsea had two, and that the council would confer a favor upon Dexter if they granted a franchise to Mr. Boland.

H. S. Holmes: If we are to have an electric road we should have one that connects with Dexter.

F. P. Glazier: I want to see an electric line in Chelsea and want it soon. It will be a benefit. The franchise should be granted to Mr. Boland as there is no assurance that the other parties will ever build a road. Mr. Boland will build the road as he is working upon it now.

J. S. Gorman: Mr. Boland's work looks as though he meant business. While he is in the mood we had better grant him the franchise. The ordinance as presented was very fair, and needed changing but very little.

John W. Miner, city attorney of Jackson: Thought that from the attendance at the meeting the people were interested in the question. Mr. Boland means business; had paid \$155,000 for the Jackson road. He urged the granting of the franchise.

Geo. P. Glazier: Did not doubt any of the statements made. Favored giving Mr. Boland the franchise.

The common council of Dexter sent a communication urging granting the franchise, as also did the common council of Grass Lake, whose members were all present.

A motion was then made that the council adjourn to the council room and talk the matter over. This was done and the entire franchise gone over in a deliberate manner. They had the best interests of the village at heart, and several changes made in it. Mr. Boland exhibited a spirit of fairness that is refreshing to find in men asking for franchises and made a very favorable impression. Upon motion the ordinance was passed, every member of the board voting in favor of it. The franchise was accepted by Mr. Boland on the spot.

A Pleasant Gathering.

A company of venerable ladies gathered at the home of L. D. Loomis and wife on Church street, last Monday, 8th instant. The invitations were given in honor of their friend and guest, Mrs. Jane B. Jewett of Chelsea. The ladies present were Mrs. Jewett, whose birth-

place was New Hampshire, her age 89; Mrs. Melvina A. White, birthplace Vermont, age 89; Mrs. Julia E. Watkins, age 80, birthplace New York; Sarah Hobart, age 76, birthplace New York; Mrs. Lucy Pettit, age 73, birthplace New York.

Mrs. Loomis, assisted by her daughter, Mrs. Ruth Waltrous, served these venerable ladies with an old time New England dinner, consisting of chicken pie, pumpkin pie, fried cakes, cranberry sauce, and other dainties of a palatable relish. After dinner the time was spent in reminiscences of past years. At leave taking they agreed with one accord, if there were no more meetings here there would be one in the Land of Light, where no "good byes" will be spoken.—Grass Lake News.

The Market.

The Chelsea shippers are paying the following prices for the various articles named: red or white wheat 71 cents; oats 20 cents; rye 50 cents; barley 90 cents per hundred; beans \$1.40; clover seed is retailing at \$6.00 and timothy seed at \$2.25; hay \$7 to \$8 per ton; good bright wheat straw \$4; chickens and fowls 6 cents; ducks 5 cents; there is no demand for geese or turkeys at present; beef cattle 2½ to 4½ cents; dressed beef 5 to 7 cents; veal 5 to 5½ cents; dressed veal 7 cents; sheep 2 to 3 cents; lambs 4 to 4½ cents; live hogs 4½ cents; dressed hogs 6 cents; lard 8 cents; tallow 3 cents; green hides 7 cents; pelts 25 to 75 cents; potatoes 20 cents; apples 20 to 25 cents bushel, per barrel 75 cents; drying apples 25 cents per hundred; butter 16 cents; eggs 15 cents.

Chain 'Em Up.

The president of a Michigan village wrote Dr. Baker of the state board of health relative to a case of a man who was bitten by a dog supposed to have rabies. The village president was informed that there is absolutely no truth in the statement that the killing of a dog having rabies will prevent the development of rabies in the person bitten, and Dr. Baker added: "It is exceedingly important that the dog be not killed until after a lapse of a period sufficient to determine whether or not the animal has rabies. If he has rabies he will surely die, in which case the gentleman bitten will have a warning, which he will do well to heed at once. If the dog is found to have rabies, and the gentleman acts promptly, the latter may take such treatment at the Pasteur institute in New York or Chicago, and possibly at the state laboratory of hygiene at Ann Arbor, as to greatly improve his chances for life. On the other hand, if the dog does not die within three weeks, the gentleman may be absolutely certain that he is not in danger of rabies from that bite, and may be free from fear of that which otherwise might be serious. Every dog that has bitten a person should immediately be confined and kept under observation for at least 10 days, and better for three weeks. Any dog that has bitten a person ought to be kept muzzled thereafter.

Real Estate Transfers.

George E. Gilliam and wife to Egbert G. Hoag, Chelsea \$2,400.
E. L. Gilliam to Egbert G. Hoag, Chelsea 4,000.

J. A. Marshall to Della A. Drake, Ann Arbor 1,000.
John Smith to Charles H. Allmand, Ann Arbor, 800.

Martin & Fischer to M. C. R. Co., Ann Arbor 125.

George W. Gill to George Cunningham, Ypsilanti 325.

Nancy Simpson to F. C. Hollis, Milan 1,125.

Walter Robbins and wife to William Robbins, Augusta 300.

Albert Collins to Jos. Doriell, Saline 1,400.

N. W. Cheever to E. H. Waples et al., Ann Arbor 1.

E. H. Waples et al., to N. W. Cheever, Ann Arbor 1.

George Calhoun to C. Bentz, Bridge-water 1.

C. Bentz to J. N. Hunt, Bridge-water 800.

Wm. J. Just and wife to Helena Lambert, Ann Arbor 1.

Wm. J. Just assignee to Helena Lambert, Ann Arbor 500.

C. Bentz to Mary C. Whiting, Ann Arbor 550.

H. Beissel to Edward Beissel, Chelsea 400.

E. S. Prudden to Charles Myer, Chelsea 75.

C. Kalmbach to Chas. O'Connor Ann Arbor 340.

Every school district has some library money which it can not lawfully expend for any other purpose. The book auction offers some surprising bargains in books suitable for the school library. If the officers of any district will pay us a visit they will be astonished at the large number of good books a little money will buy. Nearly every dictionary published is kept on hand as well as several fine encyclopedias, and the complete works of all the best historians, poets and novelists.

A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING AND EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE.

This is the way we keep our store, you are sure of getting no old shelf-worn goods when you buy at the

New Drug Store.

Have you seen our line of STERILIZED SILVER SPOONS? We have them at all prices from 85c to \$1.75 each.

We Engrave Them Free of Charge.

Silver plated goods in hollow and flat ware at rock bottom prices. We want your patronage, and we are going to have it if quality and price have anything to do with it.

BOX STATIONERY.

We carry one of the finest lines of Box Stationery procurable and our prices are within the reach of all.

WALL PAPER.

Our prices on Wall Paper are still creating considerable excitement. We have about 100 complete patterns to select from, and if you need Wall Paper this fall, remember

PENN & VOGEL

can do you good and save you money.

Try our Teas, Coffees and Spices.

—They talk for themselves.

Yours for Quality and Prices.

Fenn & Vogel.

Highest Market Price for Eggs.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all bear this Trade-Mark. Beware of imitations.



Stoves! Stoves!

We are selling Stoves at a smaller profit this season than ever before. We have Coal Stoves, Wood Heaters, Oil Heaters, Cast and Steel Ranges. Several Second Hand Heaters cheap. Remember we sell the Genuine Round Oak.

Special prices on

FURNITURE

for October.

W. J. KNAPP.

If you want a SNAP go to

EARL'S

FOR

Ginger Snaps

Fresh Confectionery and Bakery Goods on hand.

Dr. W. H. Lewis, Lawrenceville, Va., writes: "I am using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure in my practice among severe cases of indigestion and find it an admirable remedy. 'Many hundreds of physicians depend upon the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure in stomach troubles. It digests what you eat, and allows you to eat all the good food you need, providing you do not overload your stomach. Gives instant relief and a permanent cure.' Glazier & Stinson.



From Start to Finish

the flavor of our meats is excellent. All is the flesh of young stock and possesses that juiciness, tenderness, and delicious taste which is entirely absent in meat from older animals. Orders will be appreciated and filled promptly.

Beef, Veal, Pork, Lamb and Mutton,

at the lowest prices consistent with the highest quality.

Fresh Oysters and Poultry.

ADAM EPPLER.

JUST FOR THE FUN OF IT

WHILE THEY LAST

12 bars good laundry soap 25c

I. C. Baking Powder 1c per oz.

Lyndon cheese 12½c pound

Flour 55¢@65c per sack

Teas and Coffees.

Gasoline and Kerosene. None better. Prices right.

J. S. CUMMINGS.

NEW FALL MILLINERY.

We are now showing all the latest and newest designs in FELT HATS and Novelties in the Millinery line. Call and see our new stock.

ELLA CRAIG-FOSTER. Over Webster's Tailor Shop.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain installment of interest due and payable upon a certain mortgage made and executed by Ernest A. Dieterle of Ann Arbor, Michigan to Rosa Christina Schlotterbeck of Cincinnati, Ohio, to secure a part of the purchase price of the premises therein described and so specified in said mortgage, by reason of which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative. Which said mortgage is dated August 16th, A. D. 1899 and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Washtenaw county, Michigan, on the said 16th day of August, 1899, in Liber 100 of mortgages, on page 184. And no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, and there is now claimed to be due upon said mortgage the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) as interest, and the further sum of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) as an attorney's fee provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage, and there is also the further sum of two thousand dollars yet to grow due upon said mortgage debt and secured thereby. Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, at public auction to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw is held) on Friday the 21st day of December next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows: Lot number seven (7), in block number two (2), south of Huron street, in range four (4) east according to the recorded plat of the Village, now city of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan. Dated, September 18th, 1900. ROSA CHRISTINA SCHLOTTERBECK, Mortgagee.

FRANK E. JONES, Ann Arbor, Mich., Attorney for Mortgagee.

Subscribe for The Standard,

The Chelsea Standard.

O. T. HOOPER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

A man never knows how much he really loves a girl until she rejects him.

A scolding wife would doubtless be successful as a railway engineer—she is always on the rail.

Eight years ago Slavation Army officers were forbidden by the authorities to say "Hallelujah" in the streets of Berlin; today the army meets nightly in twenty halls in the city.

The school children of Jersey City were the principal contributors to the Galveston relief fund there. They gave about \$1,100 in money, which is \$300 more than the mayor got from all other sources; and they also came to school laden with wearing apparel, canned fruits and vegetables, which when arranged for transportation filled eight trucks.

"Music has won more battles than gunpowder," said a great general. Certainly more flags have been taken by Sousa's band the past summer than by all our armies in the field. Nearly every city in Europe has presented Sousa with a civic banner, and his so-called "American" music has marched triumphantly through camps usually half-hostile to the "States." May such peaceful victories attain "The Stars and Stripes Forever!"

A. R. Julian was a preacher at Chadron, Neb., three years ago. In the estimation of his flock he was doing good work, but was unable to reach his own ideal of what a pastor should be. Therefore he bought a newspaper, which he ran in vigorous, clean style for over two years. And now, feeling confident that his editorial experience has left him better fitted for pulpitering, he has sold his paper and will re-enter the ministry.

Nothing has been heard of Princess Chimay for a long time, but probably this is due to the fact that her domestic troubles are now at an end, and that her husband has forgiven her for her indiscreet adventures with the Hungarian gipsy Rigo. The prince and princess are now in Paris, and the last that was heard of the violinist Rigo was to the effect that he was somewhere in Africa. Photographs of the princess are no longer on sale either in Paris or Vienna, and his sums are consequently offered for the picture of her as she appeared on the Parisian variety stage.

There may be much scientific and literary sympathy between nations which are politically uncongenial. There is a current medical proverb in Europe that when a thing is verified on the banks of the Spree, as well as on the banks of the Seine, that is, when Berlin and Paris agree, there must be something in it. So much has been added to our knowledge of the physical history of the race by study and experiments in France and Germany, that the proverb is worthy to be remembered when the political relations of the two countries are in question. Moreover, it is not best for the world to emphasize the estrangements rather than the estrangements of the nations?

A Swiss factory inspector reports that two years ago a company of workmen objected to an improved ventilating apparatus because it would breed rheumatism. This summer the same laborers refused to go to another building because it lacked that ventilating apparatus. Since these men seem to have learned a useful lesson, why not import them to America and distribute them about the country as church janitors? An Ohio minister recently had to stop his sermon while two fainting women were carried out. An investigating stranger afterward discovered that the janitor had nailed the new memorial windows so that they could not be opened, because his occasional substitute had a bad habit of trying to air the church!

A terrible drama has just been enacted at Algaba, in Murcia, a mad prophetess as its central figure. She is a young peasant woman of 24, named Teresa Guillen, who took to prophecy and preaching several months ago, and after stirring up many disorderly pilgrimages was looked up as a religious fanatic. A fortnight ago she was allowed to return home, and once more crowds began to assemble, spellbound by the impassioned ecstasy of her rhapsodies. She was preaching before a large concourse of people, when five gendarmes arrived to arrest her. The ignorant peasants, worked upon by the wild appeals of the sibyl, attacked the police with fury, and in the fight which ensued, four gendarmes were mortally wounded, while sixteen persons in the crowd were seriously hurt. The woman's father and brother were killed.

The people of Kansas are to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of that state to the Union with an exposition to be held at Topeka, the capital of the state, in 1904. A strong organization has been formed to perfect the plans.

A new silver medal is to be issued to all ranks of the British service actively employed during the operations in South Africa. The medal will be attached to a ribbon with an orange center, having narrow navy-blue stripes of red.

Leader of Miners

John Mitchell who Ordered The Great Strike.

(Special Letter.)

John Mitchell, the executive of the United Mine Workers of America, is only 31, but he does not look even that. Like many other men of force, he is smooth-faced, almost boyish in appearance. For his weight, nearly 170 pounds, he is rather small in stature. He dresses neatly, but not expensively, and usually wears a soft slouch hat. He is a native of Illinois, having been born in Braidwood on Feb. 4, 1869.

His father was not only a miner, but a Union soldier, so that mining and pluck run in his veins. He was a mere lad when he began supporting himself. His mother died when he was 2 years old, and his father died four years later, and until he was 10 years old the boy lived with his stepmother, acquiring what education his meagre circumstances permitted.

Then he cast loose and began to shift for himself. He became a farm laborer, but the mining impulse was in him, and at 13 he began his career as a coal miner. By 16 he was a Knight of Labor, joining the order at Braceville, Ill. He already had a sense of the power that was to be gained by organization and systematized agitation. Shortly after joining he concluded to see something of the far west, and traveled to Colorado, New Mexico and other points in the west and southwest, earning his way by digging coal. He returned to Illi-

nois in the spring of 1891, and made his home at Spring Valley, where, at the age of 22, he married Miss Catherine O'Rourke. Mrs. Mitchell and their children, three boys and a girl, now reside in Spring Valley.

His first office of importance in connection with the Knights of Labor was in the North Illinois sub-district, of which, in 1895, he was made secretary-treasurer. He was bright and quick-witted, with a knack for argument and a pleasing address, which made those with whom he argued listen to what he had to say. Consequently, a year after he became secretary-treasurer he was sent to Springfield to work for mining measures before the legislature. This he did with such persistence and intelligence that he secured the passage of the "gross weight" law and the anti-trust laws. These and other measures which were passed at his instance made him extremely popular. As a result he became, in 1897, a member of the executive committee of the Illinois state organization, and in the same year was made an organizer of the national body.

Step by step he had risen to more commanding importance in labor councils. He took another step up in 1898, when he was elected vice-president of the United Mine Workers of America, and he reached the top of that organization, the presidency, when, in the following September, M. D. Ratchford resigned to become a member of the national industrial commission. The proud position to which Mitchell had succeeded became his by election at Pittsburg in January, 1899, and at the Indianapolis convention, in January, 1900, he was re-elected without a vote being cast against him, so great is his popularity.

When he became president the organization numbered 43,000. It now has 150,000 members. Mitchell is a man of so much foresight and such keen penetration that since his presidency the organization has had no failures, and has been successful in all the strikes he has ordered. Consequently he stands well with the rank and file of the organization. Outside of this, he has been, since 1893, fourth vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, and a member of the

executive council, in which he is one of the close advisers of Samuel Gompers. He is an active and energetic man outside of his labor interests. While a resident of Spring Valley he was president of an athletic association and of several literary and educational clubs, and president of the board of education, and was otherwise prominent in local affairs, being a leader of an independent political club.

His youthful appearance has already been remarked upon. Among his associates, both in labor circles and in the outside clubs over which he has presided, his young looks have earned him the title of "the boy president." His address as a public speaker is said to be agreeable and impressive, as he has a clear, good voice and an excellent command of language.

CHINESE FUNERAL CUSTOMS.

Food, It Is Thought, Is Transmitted to the Other World.

The funeral rites of the Chinese are but little understood on this side of the ocean. The believers in all three of the predominating religions of the empire insist that the souls of the departed continue to conscious existence after death and that their happiness or misery is caused by the location of the grave and the offerings made by their surviving relatives. The common faith is that in the other world

the spirit's needs are essentially those experienced in this life. The dead are supposed to be wholly dependent upon their living for food, clothing and money. Such articles are thought to be rendered invisible and transmitted to the other world by means of fire. When a man dies the clothing which he wore during life is immediately burned so that he may not appear in the other world as a beggar, without suitable apparel. Great quantities of imitation money, covered with tinfoil, are consumed in the fire, with the object of bribing the officials of the lower regions to release the soul from purgatory. Paper houses, furniture, servants, everything to give dignity and standing to the deceased, are purchased by the family for this pious holocaust. The important feature of the funeral is a procession, in which the articles are exhibited, followed by a bonfire in which all are burned, that thus they may be changed into similar articles invisible to mortal eyes. Usually the chief piece is something distinctive of the dead. In the case of a sea captain this would be a paper ship, as large as possible. In the case of a general it would be a horse.

Aids to Farmers.

Working in an unfrequented part of Washington, or out in the country in Maryland, or at the various experiment stations which are usually connected with agricultural colleges are about 3,000 people. Of the 2,000 in Washington, about one half are scientific men. There are two large bureaus, twenty-two divisions, offices or surveys. Of these seven are administrative, eight technical and seven are purely scientific. To these must be added the offices of the weather bureau, which include 154 observer stations along the coast and on the great lakes. The bureau of animal industry has 152 technical stations engaged in meat inspection and quarantine work, and three laboratories where the diseases of animals and their causes are investigated.

The human hand can be dipped in lead boiling at white heat without danger.

A linen duster is a popular summer resort.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE TEMPTATIONS OF COLLEGE LIFE THE SUBJECT.

Suggestions for Those Who Are Required to Leave Their Homes—Helpfulness of Early Christian Teaching and Influence.

(Copyright, 1900, by Louis Klopsch.)

Dr. Talmage staid in London to occupy the famous Wesley pulpit in the City Road chapel, where he has preached several times before, always receiving a hearty welcome. Thence he went to Ireland, preaching in Belfast and Dublin. The discourse he has sent this week describes the behavior of a young man away from home and suggests practical lessons for people of every age and class. The text is Daniel 1, 5: "And the king appointed them a daily provision of the king's meat and of the wine which he drank; so nourishing them three years, that at the end thereof they might stand before the king."

My text opens the door of a college in Babylon and introduces you to a young student seventeen years of age, Daniel by name. Be not surprised if in the college you find many hilarities. Put a hundred young men together and they are sure to have a good time. There is no harm in that. God does not write out the trees and the grass and the blossoms in dull prose. The old robin does not sit moping in the nest because of the chirpings and the lively adventures of the fledglings that have just begun to fly. Do not come into an orchard looking for winter apples on a May morning.

But Daniel of the text is far from being gay. What oppressive thoughts must have come over him as he remembered that he was a captive in a strange land! The music that came into his study window was not the song of Zion, but the sound of flute, sackbut and dulcimer in the worship of the heathen god. Moreover, he had no hope of ever getting back home again and meeting those who had missed him bitterly, wondering if he were still alive and finding many a luxury tasteless because they did not know but Daniel might be lacking bread.

School and College Days.

When you and I were in school or college, and the vacation approached, we were full of bright anticipation, and we could not study the last day, and we could not study the last night. The lexicon and the philosophical apparatus were transparent, so we could see right through them into the meadows. Not so with poor Daniel. He did not know that he should ever escape from captivity, or escaping, he did not know but when he got home the loved ones would be dead, and he would go wandering and weeping among the sepulchers of his fathers. Besides that the king tried to make him forget his home and forget his country; for that purpose actually changed his name. The king wanted him to be a prodigy in personal appearance; so he ordered meat and wine sent from his own table to Daniel, but Daniel refuses all this and puts himself upon the humblest diet the poorest of all herbs, called pulse, and plain water. His attendants cry out against this and tell him he will perish under such a diet. "No," he says, "you try us for ten days, and if at the end of that time we are not full cheeked and robust as any, it will be surprising." Ten days pass along and the students come up for examination, and all declare that none are so rosy and robust as Daniel and his fellow captives. The days of industrious pupillage and the years pass by, and the day of graduation has come, and Daniel gets his diploma, signed by the king and reading as follows: "In all matters of wisdom and understanding that the king inquired of them he found them ten times better than all the magicians and astrologers that were in all his realm." And so Daniel took the first honor, and here the story ends, for Daniel the student hereafter will be Daniel the prime minister.

Perils of Young Men.

The young are more in peril because they are unsuspecting. The lions are asleep in their soul, and their power is not suspected. The time when a ship's company makes mutiny is when the watchman is off his guard. When a spider meets a fly, it does not say, "Go down with me to the place where I murder insects." No; it says, "Come and take a bright morning walk with me on this suspension bridge of glittering gossamer." Oh, there is a difference between the sparkle of a serpent's eye and the crush of its silken folds. There is a difference between the bear's paw toying with a kid and the crackling of the bones in the terrific hug. Pike's peak looks beautiful in the distance, but ask the starved travelers by the roadside what they think of Pike's peak. Are there those around whom suspicious companions are gathered? Do their jests and their entertainments make the hours go blithely by when you are with them? Have you taken a sip from their cup of sin or gone with them in one path of unrighteousness? Turn back. From Babylon they came and to Babylon they would carry you. If so many plague stricken men would like to enter your companionship, before any one is allowed to pass into the intimacy of your heart put on them severe quarantine.

Encouragement for Parents.

Let me say to those Christian parents who are doing their best in the education of their children: Take good heart; your sons this morning

may be far away from you and in a distant city, but God to whom you dedicated them, will look after them. The God of Daniel will take care of them far away in Babylon. "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." He may wander away for awhile and fall into sin and break your heart, but before he is done with this life, you have commended him to God, he will come back again, for I put the emphasis in the right place and on the word "old" when I repeat that passage and say, "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." May you all have the glorious satisfaction of seeing your children walk in paths of righteousness and peace! One with them on earth, may you be one with them in heaven!

But I learn also from this subject the beauty of Christian sobriety. The meat and the wine that were to come to Daniel's table were to come from the king's table. Well, Daniel had no right to take that food. The king was a heathen, and like all the heathen was accustomed to ask a blessing before he partook of food, and in that blessing they always dedicated the food to the gods. So that if Daniel had taken this food he would have broken the law which forbade the taking of food dedicated to idols. He chose pulse. It was a miracle that he did not dwindle away. There is nothing in pulse, such a poor herb, to make a man ruddy and healthful. Some people talk as though that were a kind of diet which would make a man swarthy and competent to do the duties of this life. That is not the lesson at all. But for a positive miracle Daniel would have dwindled away, and when God for his self denial puts upon him this benediction he puts a benediction upon all Christian sobriety.

Temptation to Dissipation.

But, oh, how many temptations to dissipation! With so many things to tempt the appetite, how many temptations to gluttony! With so many sparkling beverages, how much temptation to drunkenness! Could I bring before you this morning the mothers and the wives and the sisters who have wept at the graves of the inebriate, your soul would be overpowered with the spectacle. Could I show you the many forms robbed of their beauty, the eye-lashes quenched in the wine cup, the ruddy cheek from which rum has wormed the rose, your souls would recoil with horror, and you would rise up and cry, "Begone, thou dream of hell!"

Charles Lamb, who made all the world laugh at his humor, and then afterward made all the world weep at his fate, who outwitted everybody and was at last outwitted of his own appetite, wrote thus: "The waters have gone over me; but out of the depths, could I be heard, I would cry out to all those who have set a foot in the perilous flood. Could the youth to whom the flavor of the first wine is delicious as the opening scenes of his life, or the entering upon some newly discovered paradise—could he look into my desolation and be made to understand what a dreary thing it is when a man shall feel himself going down a precipice with open eyes and a passive will; to see his destruction and have no power to stop it, yet feel it all the way emanating from himself; to see all godliness empty out of him, and yet not able to forget the time when it was otherwise; to bear about the piteous spectacle of his own ruin—could he see my feverish eye, feverish with last night's drinking and feverishly looking for tonight's repetition of that folly—could he but feel the body of the death out of which I cry hourly with feeble outcry to be delivered, it were enough to make him dash the sparkling beverage to the earth in all the pride of its mantling temptation."

A Touching Reproof.

I was told at Des Moines of a train of cars going through a very stormy night over one of the western prairies. The young man who was present told us the story. In the night there was a little child in the sleeping car fretful and worrying and crying hour after hour. A man on the opposite side of the car lost his patience and said, "Either make that child shut up or take it to its mother!" Then another man on the opposite side of the sleeping car—a man with a broken heart—pushed back the curtain and looked out and said, "Young man, that child's mother is dead in the baggage car, and the little thing is wailing for her." Then the man who had committed the affront rose and offered his services for the night and took care of the child until the morning, and all the passengers in the car were broken down with emotion. Oh, if the cry of one child could arouse so many sympathies, what ought to be the effect of the ten thousand voiced shriek of orphanage and widowhood from the inebriate's grave? God save this country from the perils of strong drink.

Leaving Home.

I think the most thrilling passage of a young man's life is when he leaves home to make his fortune. He is set down amid excitements and amid associates who are not overcareful about their words and thoughts and actions. Morning comes. No family altar. Sabbath comes, but all the faces are strange, and no one cares whether he comes to church or does not come. On his way home from the store he sees a placard announcing a rare and vivacious amusement. He has no greeting at the door of the boarding house. He has no appetite for the food. No one cares whether he eats or does not eat—rather he would not eat—it is cheaper! After the tea he goes into the parlor, takes up a book, finds it dull, no sister to look over it with him. Goes up

stairs to his room in the third story, finds it cold and uninviting, and in despair he rushes out, caring for nothing but to get something to make him stop thinking. He is caught in the first whirl of sin. He has started out on the dark sea where the gleam of the joy is the flashing of the pit and the laughter is the creaking of the gate of the lost. Oh, how many graves there are in the country churchyard which if they could speak, would tell of young men who went off with high hopes and came back blasted and crushed to disgrace the sepulcher of their fathers!

Keep Them Faithful.

And yet this exodus must go on. As from distant hills the rivers are poured down through tunnels to slake the thirst of our great cities, so from distant country places the streams of in-correct population must pour down to purify our great cities. Tomorrow morning on all the thoroughfares, in every steamboat and in every rail car will be young men going forth to seek their fortunes in our great towns. O Lord God of Daniel, help them to be as faithful in Babylon as they were in Jerusalem! Forget not, O my young friend, in the great seaports the moral and religious principles inculcated by parental solicitude, and if today seated in the house of God you feel the advantage of early Christian culture forget not those to whom you are most indebted and pray God that as old age comes upon them and the shadow of death the hope of heaven may beam through the darkness. God forbid that any of us through our misconduct should bring disgrace upon a father's name or prove recreant to the love of a mother. The dramatist made no exaggeration when he exclaimed, "How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child!" Oh, that God would help you as parents and as young people to take to heart the lessons of this important subject, and if we shall learn that there is danger of being carried into captivity, and that early impressions are almost ineffaceable, and that there is something beautiful in Christian sobriety, and that there is great attractiveness in piety away from home—then it will be to you and to me a matter of everlasting congratulation that we considered how Daniel behaved when he became a college student at Babylon.

MUMMY IN CEILING.

Body of an Inquisitive Cat Found After Many Years.

Egyptian mummies are not so much of a rarity nowadays as they once were, in fact they may even at present be looked upon as an article of commerce, but the body of a mummified cat found at Germantown has claims to be regarded as a curiosity. The mummy is now to be seen in the window of 14 Chelsea avenue, Germantown. The preservation of the body is perfect, the ears and even the tail being in good condition. The house indicated is occupied by the family of J. S. Pryor. Mrs. Pryor says that when the ceiling of the Methodist Episcopal church, on Haines street, was being torn down for repair Oct. 24, 1877, the workmen came across a hard substance embedded in the ceiling. On being dug out the substance was cast aside. Mr. Pryor, who was watching the repairs, brushed the accumulated dust and dirt from the cast-off object, and the mummified body of a cat appeared. How the quadruped got into the interior structure of the ceiling, there to die, is a mystery. The church was built in 1858. The only plausible theory so far presented is that the cat, by some means, got into the ceiling while the original plastering was in progress and tarried until sealed in. The plaster on hardening became air-tight and the cat by exhausting the air in its adopted prison cell unconsciously preserved its body intact. The Pryors intend to give the curiosity some day to the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences.—Philadelphia Times.

For the Young Housewife.

A point a mistress should know is the difference between simmering and boiling. This is readily tested with a cook's thermometer, when boiling point will be found at 212 degrees, simmering only demanding 180 degrees. Roughly speaking, it is easy to see the difference between the two. When a liquid boils at full pitch its surface will be closely covered with bubbles, and the whole surface will, so to speak, rock and swell with the heat, in which condition it very quickly boils over. When it simmers, however, the surface of the liquid will simply ripple like a pond into which a stone has been thrown, the water keeping all the time at a gentle shiver. This rippling is called by French cooks the *sourire* or smile of the water.

Eparchies of Russian Church.

The present orthodox church of Russia is divided into 67 eparchies, including one in Alaska, and 43 vicar seats of bishops. Russia has now 117 archbishops, in cluding three metropolitans, 67 eparchial vicar archbishops and 39 bishops. Most Russian hierarchs have attended the seminars and academies. Archbishop Juvenal of Lithuania was formerly an officer and attended the artillery academy at St. Petersburg. Archbishop Markel was a member of the holy synod, attended also the universities at Vienna and Lemberg.—Arnold Lewis Giffin, in Chicago Record.

Sounding Board of Glass.

Mrs. William F. Aphor, wife of a musical critic prominent in Boston, has invented a sounding board of plate glass which will be one of the novel features of the new Chickering hall in that city.

TRIOLETS OF DISCRETION.

She drew her little hand away
And pouting, warned me 'not to tease.'
Was it in truth, or just in play,
She drew her little hand away
That rare and radiant summer day,
When we sat side by side at ease?
She drew her little hand away
And pouting, warned me 'not to tease.'

He drew his little hand away
And scanned it with inquiring eyes;
Remarking, "It takes five to stay."
He drew his little hand away
And left me guessing how to play.
The while I stared in awed surprise.
He drew his little hand away
And scanned it with inquiring eyes.

Two bluffs, were those, perhaps you'll
say:
I didn't clearly see my way.
Two bluffs, were those, perhaps you'll
say:
But if they weren't—I must betray
A shrinking from the "marble fall."
Two bluffs, were those, perhaps you'll
say:
I thought so, too, but didn't "fall."
—John Pengrave.
Chicago, July 9, 1900.

At the Wedding Breakfast.

By BERTHA BOGUE.

(Copyrighted, 1900, Daily Story Pub. Co.)
Marion Evans had known Elizabeth Stanton but slightly at school and had moreover considered her most unattractive. On meeting her in the city where she had come for a few days' shopping, she was most surprised to find her looking positively pretty. The cause she learned at once; Elizabeth was happy, and happiness, Marion had read, is a great beautifier. Elizabeth was to be married in a few days and she did hope that Marion would be in town long enough to go to her wedding. Wouldn't she come to the breakfast? Only a few intimate friends and relatives? As Marion thanked her she smiled inwardly at the absurdity of even considering the invitation. Hadn't she always been bored by receptions and teas? Truly a wedding breakfast was somewhat different, but when everyone would be a perfect stranger what possible pleasure could there be in it? "Another present," she thought. "If many more of my friends become so rash, I shall soon be a bankrupt."

Two days later when she had donned one of her new gowns, for which she had come to the city and was receiving the congratulations of her mother and sister in regard to its becoming qualities, a longing to display it overcame her, so she decided to keep it on and go to the wedding. When her cab reached the church door, streams of people were pouring out. "Very well then," thought Marion. "There is the breakfast, I am not too late for that," and her cab straightway proceeded to the house.

For the first time in her life she felt a trifle shy as she mingled with so many strangers in the dressing-room, where the ladies were removing wraps, and exclaiming in most intimate tones, "Didn't the bride look sweet?" "How well she carried herself!" "I can't imagine why Jessie Jones was the maid of honor." "Elizabeth and Eleanor have always been much more intimate." "But," explained an eager whisperer from a remote corner of the room, "He was once devoted to Eleanor and she, it seems, loved him not." "Oh! that explains it," exclaimed the others with a sigh of relief. "Hush, here comes Eleanor's mother!"

Marion went downstairs with the first arrivals, greeted the long line which composed the wedding party, and was wondering what was to become of her among so many strangers, when one of the bridesmaids introduced her to a young man. Marion, quick in forming likes and dislikes, decided at once that she liked him. He was broad-shouldered, erect, of medium height, with dark hair and deep gray eyes, which looked as if they could enjoy the humorous as well as appreciate the sad side of life. It was not long before they had established a bond of sympathy from the fact that they were both strangers in the city, and they also discovered many mutual acquaintances at Yale, where the young man had graduated a few years before.

They went out into the dining-room together, and in the course of the conversation, Marion learned that the young man had been born in India, his family lived in Connecticut, and he at present was located in a small town in Iowa, the home of the groom. All this was told with many interesting anecdotes, not to mention expressive glances, for Marion was a pretty girl, interested her greatly. She wished to know more about the young man. She even hoped that she might meet him again, somewhere, somehow. "And if you were born in India, your family live in the east, what are you doing in a small town in Iowa?" she queried.

"I will give you three guesses," he said, looking down at her gratified that she should want to talk about him.

"I am not a good guesser," exclaimed Marion.

"Well, try anyway."

"Oh—I guess you run a gambling house," she said irreverently.

"No."

"Well, perhaps you keep a boot-blackening establishment. I am sure that people in Iowa are most careful about keeping their shoes shined. I noticed the groom particularly as he came down the aisle. His shoes had a most beautiful finish."

"You were at the ceremony then? I rather imagined from your remarks that you were not."

"Why from my remarks?" questioned Marion. "I didn't know that I had mentioned the church or the wedding. Anyway you haven't told me whether you do keep Iowa's shoes well polished."

"No, I haven't that honor," he said smiling at her quizzically. "Well, here is my last guess—perhaps you're a minister." "Perhaps I am; what then?" "Oh, but I know that you are not." "I am though." "Yes, of course, but please don't grieve me, and tell me what you really do in that small town."

"Do? I do just what most ministers do. I look after my parishioners and I—"

"If you can't stop fooling," interrupted the girl, "we will talk of other things."

"If you are as fond of golf as you claim to be," said the young man abruptly, changing the subject, "and ever pass through my present abiding place, I can show you the finest links on which you have ever played."

"I suppose when you are not preaching you play golf?" interrogated the young woman sarcastically.

"That is just about it, at least I take it for recreation and—"

"Who is that distinguished looking old man?" interrupted Marion.

"That," said her friend, with a faint suspicion of a smile, "is Mr. Miller, minister of one of the largest Unitarian churches in the city."

"Is there any man in this assemblage who isn't a minister?"

"Why yes, none of the other men present save Mr. Miller and myself. I assisted him in the ceremony this morning. You said that you were at the church I believe."

"No, I wasn't," answered Marion, becoming somewhat convinced, and speaking somewhat defiantly. "I arrived at the church too late, so I came directly here." She was about to question him further when shouts of "good-bye" resounded, and rice was thrown to speed the newly wedded couple. In the rush, Marion took pains

to separate herself from her companion. She must find out if he were quizzing her. She applied to the bridesmaid who had introduced her as the quickest solution of the problem, and was informed that he was the young clergyman who had assisted at the ceremony, being a close friend of the groom. "And I accused him of running a gambling house," thought Marion desperately. "Shall I apologize? No, it was just as much his fault as mine. He didn't look nor talk like a minister. How could I know? I do like his looks. I wonder what he thinks of me." And with a shudder at her boldness, which now almost amounted to a sacrilege in her eyes, she hastily bade the bridal party adieu.

When she came down with her wraps on, she saw the young man gazing at her with a smile. "Why did you run away from me? he queried.

"Because I consider that I have said unheard of things to a minister. It wasn't fair of you not to let me know in the beginning."

"But I supposed that you did know. You see I was conceited enough to think that everyone at the church saw me as well as the bride. I didn't know that you were not at the church. You remembered the groom's shoes so perfectly."

She colored slightly.

"Did you ever hear the story," he continued, "of the mother with five sons all of whom she wished to be ministers? Four of them obeyed her wishes, but the fifth informed her that he could not comply with her request."

"Why not," asked the irate parent. "Because I am not good enough," answered the son. "Then be a Unitarian minister," ordered the mother. Now,

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When she came down with her wraps on, she saw the young man gazing at her with a smile. "Why did you run away from me? he queried.

"Because I consider that I have said unheard of things to a minister. It wasn't fair of you not to let me know in the beginning."

"But I supposed that you did know. You see I was conceited enough to think that everyone at the church saw me as well as the bride. I didn't know that you were not at the church. You remembered the groom's shoes so perfectly."

She colored slightly.

"Did you ever hear the story," he continued, "of the mother with five sons all of whom she wished to be ministers? Four of them obeyed her wishes, but the fifth informed her that he could not comply with her request."

"Why not," asked the irate parent. "Because I am not good enough," answered the son. "Then be a Unitarian minister," ordered the mother. Now,

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CHINA WAR NEWS.

A dispatch from Shanghai on the 16th says the British consul warns European women against coming north from Hong Kong in the hope of joining their husbands, the situation in the Yang Tse valley being very serious.

Another serious outbreak was reported in China on the 11th. Kwang Si is the seat of the trouble this time, and it is said that the imperial troops were inadequate to cope with it. Five missions were destroyed at

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 5 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

Chelsea Phone No. 50. Don't be afraid to call us up.

SHARON.

B. D. Rose was a Chelsea visitor one day last week.

Died, Thursday, October 11, 1900, the four and one-half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Buss. The funeral services were conducted Saturday from the German Lutheran church at Manchester.

Stops the Cough
and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

FREEDOM.

Edwin Schaible spent Sunday at Manchester.

Gotlob Horning is reported very low with the rheumatism.

Mrs. Fred Breitenwischer who has been sick the past four weeks is slowly improving.

The democrats will raise a pole at the Freedom town hall, Friday, October 26, 1900.

Rev. G. Eisen of Detroit preached the sermon at St. Johns church last Sunday and remained Monday and Tuesday collecting provisions for the orphan home at Detroit.

Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. Be wary of worthless counterfeits. Glazier & Stimson.

SYLVAN.

Orlando Boyd is now on the sick list of this place.

Mrs. Homer Boyd is spending the week in Detroit.

Mrs. Darwin Boyd of Ann Arbor is visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Cora Beckwith is visiting friends and relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. Geo. West of Williamston was the guest of Wilson West and family.

Dr. O. N. Tyndall of Toledo, Ohio, was the guest of his cousin, Seymour Tyndall part of last week.

Mrs. R. P. Beckwith and children spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. James Beckwith here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Millsbaugh were the guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Millsbaugh of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. James Riggs of Detroit are in town to attend the wedding of their niece, Miss Raven, of Jackson.

E. C. Knapp of the U. of M. will take charge of the services of the Sylvan Christian Union church, Sunday, October 21st.

Emory West who has spent the past two years in Bellevue returned and visited his father, Wilson West, and other relatives last Sunday.

Mrs. Lorey of Eaton Rapids is placing a fine monument in the Sylvan cemetery, in memory of her daughter, Mrs. Lavina Ludlow.

Miss Manda Ward met with quite a serious accident Thursday of last week by falling from a porch striking on her head and shoulder. Fortunately no bones were broken.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

FRANCISCO.

Mrs. Frank Berry has returned from Durand.

Geo. Fouser spent Thursday last at Stockbridge.

Miss Carrie Riemenschneider is on the sick list.

Miss Mable Notten was a Waterloo visitor Sunday.

Mrs. C. Hurst is spending some time at Jackson.

Mrs. Gieske of Manchester spent several days here.

Several from here attended the Stockbridge fair last week.

Miss Carrie Schweinturth of Chelsea spent Sunday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Kaiser and family spent Sunday at Munnith.

Misses Martha and Fannie Musbach spent Sunday at Root's Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gieske and family, and Miss Minnie Gieske of Bar-

ringtown, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gieske.

Mrs. Calla Dean of Waterloo spent last week with R. Kruse and family. Geo. Scherer is spending a few weeks with his parents at Watervliet.

Clarence Weber spent the first of week at Stockbridge and Whitmore Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Kalmbach and daughter, Fern, of Sylvan spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. Burleigh Whitaker arrived here Monday last after spending a week at Detroit.

Quarterly meeting will be held at the German M. E. church Sunday, October 21st. Rev. Kern will be present.

The best method of cleansing the liver is the use of the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Easy to take. Never gripe. Glazier & Stimson.

County and Vicinity

The paupers in the Washtenaw county house are starving to death. Cause, the board of supervisors dined there a few days ago.—Grass Lake News.

Carl Dresselhaus has been appointed postmaster of River Raisin in Bridge-water township, vice William Hanke, resigned. Mr. Hanke has been postmaster of River Raisin for over 30 years. He and his wife have gone to Jackson to reside, where they have two married daughters.

W. W. Tidd, formerly binder for the old Courier plant, was one of the sufferers by the big Galveston storm and flood. To a friend in this city he writes that twelve dead bodies were in his yard when the flood went down. His house was lifted from its foundations, his lower floors flooded, but his family found safety in the second floor. The horror of the storm, Mr. Tidd says, can never adequately be described, nor the destitution and misery which came in its wake.—Washtenaw Republican.

The editors' family had a sensation of their own Thursday evening, in shape of an exciting time with a pet puppy which, from all indications, had gone mad. Nothing unusual was noticed in his actions until he came in from play with the children at 6 o'clock. After making things very lively in the house for a few moments, he was finally fastened in a bedroom from which he was not allowed to escape and, as his symptoms continued to grow worse, being determined upon own destruction and the destruction of everything within reach, he was shot.—Dexter Leader.

It now transpires that the Miss Merie Jennings of Danville, who was married at the Mason street fair last Friday after noon, was none other than C. A. Parkhurst, one of Mason's leading dry goods merchants. "Cap" is always up to such tricks, and that he made a demure and blushing bride will be attested by hundreds of people who witnessed the ceremony. The fair management had nothing to do with the hoax, and the fact that the happy bride was a man, was not generally known until the ceremony had been performed. How R. P. Lea of Lansing, whose name does not appear in the city directory, will support his blushing bride is not known. "Cap" says he will be at home at Mason for some time to come.—State Republican.

Blood.

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor.

There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high, we are being refreshed, bone muscle and brain, in body and mind, with continual flow of rich blood.

This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood, is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It sets the whole body going again—man woman and child.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

It Was on the List.

"Speak English?" inquired the census man, reading off his official questions from the schedule. "Me speak English? Well, you can bet I hain't been to school and got a diploma for nothin'. Who got up them questions, anyway?" was the indignant response. "Beg pardon," said the polite enumerator, "I am simply following official instructions. It is essential, in order to obtain accurate information concerning the population of our great and growing country, that all these questions be asked and answered, even though they may seem unnecessary and superfluous in some cases." "All right, young man, but you hadn't oughter to be quite so fresh and uncivil to me." And the enumerator bowed apologetically and moved on.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Teach Children Economy.

Teach children not to waste trifles which they often throw away, without thought, and which if saved might be of use to others if not to themselves. Wrapping paper, pieces of twine, odds and ends of various kinds may do service a second time if put away until the need of them arises. The habit of economy, says the Ladies' Home Journal, is one that ought to be cultivated, for careful saving makes lavish giving possible. Hoarding is not a vice of childhood, nor should it be encouraged, but the wise husbanding of resources for future expenditure is a valuable lesson that cannot be learned too early.

The Chipmunk at His Toilet.

The chipmunk is industrious in all weather, except the very rainy, although he is rather shy on a very windy day. The rustling and waving branches make him wary. He sits on his haunches and holding his food in his paws. He drinks lapping like a dog. He is very neat about his person, combing out his fur and his long tail with paws and teeth. He washes his face by lapping his forepaws and then rubbing them both at the same time over his face with such speed that the eye can hardly follow his motions.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Courtship Death.

"I have courted death upon the field of battle," cried the hero, "and all in vain!"

The heroine curled as to her proud lip with scorn.

"Of course," she sneered, "there's only one way to court death right, and that is to let your life insurance lapse!"

Now that women know something of affairs, it is going to be decidedly more difficult for men to be gay deceivers ever.—Detroit Journal.

About Ready to Settle Down.

"That old man got by," said the landlord of the tavern at Yaphank to the summer man, indicating with a jerk of his thumb a bent and time-worn figure that was doddering down the village street, "is Uncle Zimri Tarpy. He's lived here all his life—most 86 years."

"H'm!" commented the city man, with mild facetiousness. "He must like it here pretty well by this time."

"Oh, yes; he says he guesses he'll make this village his permanent residence."—Smart Set.

Why Moths Are Burned.

Moths fly against the candle flame because their eyes can bear only a small amount of light. When, therefore, they come within the light of the candle their sight is overpowered and their vision confused, and as they cannot distinguish objects they pursue the light itself and fly against the flame.—Chicago Chronicle.

No Extravagance.

Isaacs—I vos at vun of tem dime museums yesterday undt I vos quite interested.

Cohen—I wouldn't spend money on such t'ings.

"I didn't go in. I vos choost listening to der barker who vos trying to get beeples in."—Brooklyn Life.

Too Honest.

First Bank Director—I think we'd better let Collins go.

Second B. D.—Why? He's been our cashier for 25 years.

"I know, undt he's too infernally honest. We don't get a chance to do any financiering."—Harlem Life.

IT HAPPENED IN A DRUG STORE.

"One day last winter a lady came to my drug store and asked for a brand of cough medicine that I did not have in stock," says Mr. O. R. Grandin, the popular druggist of Ontario, N. Y. "She was disappointed and wanted to know what cough preparation I could recommend. I said to her that I could freely recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that she could take a bottle of the remedy and after giving it a fair trial if she did not find it worth the money to bring back the bottle and I would refund the price paid. In the course of a day or two the lady came back in company with a friend in need of a cough medicine and advised her to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I consider that a very good recommendation for the remedy." It is for sale by all druggists.

Last Monday night Wm. A. Boland was in Ann Arbor looking after a franchise for his electric car line through that city. Mr. Angus of Detroit was also there on a like errand for his Ypsi-Ann Arbor road which he seems desirous of extending west to Jackson. While in the council chamber before the board of aldermen, Mr. Angus made an uncalled for attack on Mr. Boland. The latter defended himself in such a way as to silence Mr. Angus completely. Mr. Boland is a punctilious observer of all the amenities of gentlemanhood and such treatment he is unaccustomed to, and does not deserve. Business transactions not susceptible of honorable accomplishment, find no favor with him. And our Ann Arbor friends can rest assured that the more they come to know of Boland, the more they will appreciate him for his high sense of honor and intrinsic qualities of head and heart.—Grass Lake News.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

Advertisements under this head will be printed for 15 cents for the first insertion and 10 cents for each subsequent insertion.

FOR SALE—Second-hand buggy, in good condition. J. D. Watson.

NOTICE—To Hunters and Trappers. I forbid all persons hunting or trapping on my farm. G. T. English.

NOTICE—To Hunters and Trappers. I forbid all persons hunting or trapping on my farm. J. B. Dean.

FOR SALE—25 breeding ewes and a registered Rambouillet ram. Inquire of Fred Lehman, Sharon.

FOR SALE CHEAP—a round wood or coal stove, and light top driving carriage. J. J. Raffrey.

WANTED—girl for light housework. Inquire of J. F. Shaver, barber.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Good wages. Address, Mrs. O. F. Schmid, 123 Stewart avenue, Jackson, Mich.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Do not get scared if your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and gives the worn out stomach perfect rest. It is the only preparation known that completely digests all classes of foods; that is why it cures the worst cases of indigestion and stomach trouble after everything else has failed. It may be taken in all conditions and cannot help but do you good. Glazier & Stimson.

Exclusive Showing of the
Newest Effects in.....

TRIMMED MILLINERY.

Color combinations that are fascinating; materials of the richest class; styles that are up-to-date and with an air of chicness that proclaims the superiority of our Millinery.

The Largest Showing of
Ready-to-Wear Hats
in Chelsea at Lowest Prices

Everything desirable is represented, from the dressy hat to the practical tailor-made effects for street wear.

MILLER SISTERS.

STOVES. STOVES.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

JEWEL

AND

Peninsular Base Burners,

OAK STOVES,

Air Tight and Soft Coal Stoves,

STEEL RANGES,

STOVE DOARDS, COAL HODS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WASHING MACHINES.

Buggies and Harness,

To Close out Cheap.

HOAG & HOLMES.

6 BALES OF ALL-WOOL BLANKETS 6

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

This is the year we are after your Blanket trade

We have hundreds of dollars worth of Blankets which must be sold.

Having bought direct from the factory we are prepared to discount other dealers prices at from 15 to 20 per cent.

Silk, Plush, Mohair and a Beautiful Novelty in Genuine Lambs Wool Robes are among our attractive features.

Come early and get the best selection.

C. STEINBACH.

Standard Sewing Machines.

No Need to Guess the Time

If you carry one of WINAN'S WATCHES. Many people are handicapped in their journey through this vale of tears by carrying any old thing for a time piece, and often being just too late to "get there." Some unkindly say that they carry the watch just to show the chain. Be that as it may, we want you all to know that nowhere else can you find such good values in watches of all sizes, grades and makes, as we have at \$4.00 and upwards. Everything fully guaranteed.

A. E. WINANS, THE JEWELER

Fine Repairing a Specialty.

See our line of Clocks.

NEWEST NOVELTIES.

SPECIAL SALE

OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

TRIMMED HATS

From \$1.00 to \$2.00. This sale will occur on

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

and will be continued until further notice.

MARY HAAB.

SWELLEST TRIMMINGS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STANDARD.

BOOK AUCTION.

EVERY AFTERNOON and EVENING

The finest stock ever brought to this part of the state. Comprising the best dictionaries, encyclopedias, histories, fiction and poetry of all ages as well as works of the up-to-date books.

Books of Special interest to Farmers' and Stockmen

An Unprecedented Sale of Bibles and Testaments ranging from 15c to \$15.00.

The most interesting Illustrated books on the Civil and Spanish Wars

Many books of great interest to members of Ladies' Clubs and Teachers.

Call and Inspect this Stock. Many German Books.

Don't miss this opportunity. The greatest chance of your life to get Books cheap.

Notes of the Week

C. E. Fair December 6-7.

Fr. Rielly had an operation on his eye last Monday.

Ben Kuhl has the frame up for a residence on Wilkinson street.

Jasper Graham has built an addition to his residence on Wilkinson street.

Wm. Rielly has moved his family to Ann Arbor, where they will make their home.

Philip Broesamle is having a barn erected upon his property on Garfield street.

Died, on Monday, October 15, 1900, Mrs. Hannah Wogert, at the home of Mrs. Jensen.

Rev. L. Koelbing handed in his resignation as pastor of the Lutheran church Sunday morning.

The republicans of the tenth senatorial district have nominated Hugo Looser of Jackson for senator.

Married, on Wednesday, October 17, 1900, Miss Myrtle Sandfur of Henderson, Ky., to Mr. D. B. Sparks of Detroit.

Alber & Young struck a flowing well on Michael Schiller's farm, in Freedom, this week. Depth of well ninety feet.

The democrats will open their campaign in Chelsea Saturday evening, with a speech by Hon. J. N. Lewis at the town hall.

Candidates of either party can use the columns of the Standard to tell the reasons why they should be elected, at the rate of five cents per line.

Married, on Tuesday, October 9, 1900, Miss Vere Evans of Leslie and Mr. E. B. Tichenor of Jackson, Rev. F. A. Stiles performing the ceremony.

The item copied from an exchange in last week's Standard in regard to re-registration was misleading as it does not apply to places outside of the larger cities.

The question to be discussed by the Business Men's Class at the Congregational church Sunday will be, "Does Civilization Civilize?" J. Geo. Webster, leader.

Married, on Wednesday evening, October 17, 1900, Miss Hannah Jackson daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Jackson, to Mr. Louis Paine, Rev. C. S. Jones officiating.

F. A. Stivers of Ann Arbor will address republican meetings at grange hall, North Lake, on Thursday evening, October 25th, and at Dexter town hall, Friday evening, October 26th.

During the year ending September 30 Judge of Probate Newkirk sent 16 insane to the eastern asylum at Pontiac and St. Joseph retreat. This is two more than the year previous.

On account of the democratic meeting at the town hall Saturday evening, the sale of seats for the lecture course will take place at Stimson's drug store, as first advertised. Make a note of this.

J. S. Cummings has purchased the Kempf & McKune stock, and is fitting his store to receive it. He will continue the grocery business as heretofore. The Standard extends its best wishes for the success of the new undertaking.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. church will hold their annual tea meeting Wednesday, November 7th, in the parlors of the M. E. church. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Tea served from 5 to 8 o'clock.

Chelsea Tent K. O. T. M. will initiate a large class next Wednesday night. About 45 new members have been secured in the contest. It looks as if the "Hustlers" would have to put up for the banquet. The date for the banquet has not been announced.

At the quarterly conference held in the Methodist church Monday evening the following resolution was passed: Resolved that we hereby extend a cordial invitation to the members of the M. E. church at Sylvan Center to transfer their membership to the M. E. church in Chelsea and enjoy all the fellowship of the church. It was also unanimously decided to advance the salary of their pastor, Rev. J. I. Nickerson, to \$1200, besides the parsonage.

You little knew when first we met That some day you would be The lucky fellow I would let, Pay for my Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your Druggist.

There are no Christmas presents so satisfactory as books. It is not very long till Christmas. Why not anticipate your needs and buy now what you will need then while you can get books so cheap as the book auction offers them?

Secretary Calkins of the County Sunday School association, went to Sharon Sunday and organized the Sharon and Freedom Sunday school association. Its officers are: President, George Kirkwood, Manchester; vice-president, J. W. Dresselhouse, Grass Lake; secretary, Miss Mamie Fletcher, Chelsea; treasurer, Frank Koebbe, Freedom.

Elizabeth Victoria, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. D. Hindelang of Alton, was born last Monday and died Tuesday. The remains were brought to Chelsea, and funeral was held from St. Mary's church, Wednesday, October 17th, the Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. The interment was in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

A Branch county man lost his pocket-book in Coldwater the other day but it was promptly returned to him intact because it contained a receipt for a subscription to one of the local papers bearing his name and address. The editor of that paper is now using the incident in canvassing for new subscribers, and inducing delinquents to pay up.

All survivors of the war of the Rebellion or of the Spanish American war will be interested in some of the books at the book auction. They will find there Beath's History of the G. A. R., Incidents of Shot and Shell, The Great Contest, Harper's Pictorial History of the War, The Pictorial Book of the Rebellion, American War for Humanity, The War with Spain, Murat Halstead's Triumphant America, Boer and Britisher, and many others in the same line.

The Northwestern Yeast Company are still giving away free samples of their celebrated Yeast Foam. This is the twenty-second year that those little samples of yeast have been given away and many of our best families have used no other since they received the first little yellow package of Yeast Foam over twenty years ago. Others have tried and continue to imitate Yeast Foam, but it has never been equalled as a bread raiser in all of these years.

Ladies are particularly invited to call and inspect the stock of the book auction. There are many of especial interest, including no less than a dozen Cook Books such as the White House, the Chautauqua, the Home Queen, the Ideal, etc. Also many works of great aid to members of literary clubs, such as the Encyclopedia of Quotations, Dictionary of Phrases and Table and Manual of Mythology. A visit to inspect the stock will amply repay you. In a few days some sales at auction exclusively for ladies will be appointed.

Among the convicts pardoned recently is Wm. K. Barker, whose crime and imprisonment are well known to a great many people here. Barker was the son of Jas. Barker, who made his home here for several years and was sent to Jackson for 25 years for helping conceal the body of Wm. Keith, who was murdered by Marshall Barker, a brother, whom he suspected of intimacy with his wife. After Keith had been killed, Marshall did not know what to do and went to the home of his brother for assistance. They carried Keith's body to a small lake where it was thrown into the water. F. C. Woodworth was counsel for the father of the boys, who spent a fortune in trying to save them from the penitentiary. Marshall was sentenced for life and William for 25 years. He has been a model prisoner and made a favorable impression with the board. Leslie Local.

Held Reformer to His Word. When a beggar asked a Philadelphia stationer the other day for help, the latter offered him two lead pencils, saying: "With half the effort required in begging you can easily sell these for five cents apiece." The beggar gazed at the pencils scornfully. "Who'd give me five cents for them?" he demanded. "Why, anybody," said the stationer. "Go out and try it." "Would you?" asked the beggar. "Why, certainly," was the reply. A smile of triumph spread over the grimy features of the mendicant. "Here you are, then," he said. "Gimme the ten cents. You can't go back on your own word." It took the stationer several minutes to recover his breath, but he finally entered into the deal, and hereafter he will adopt other tactics.—Hartford Times.

Your blood goes through your body with jumps and bounds, carrying warmth and active life to every part of your body, if you take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your Druggist.

PERSONAL.

H. L. Wood spent Monday at Ann Arbor.

Fred Everett returned to Seattle Monday.

Mrs. Chas. Sorter of Chicago is visiting here.

John Miller of Detroit spent Sunday here.

Miss Nellie Hall spent Sunday at Ypsilanti.

Henry Stimson was a Coldwater visitor Sunday.

Mrs. S. A. Mapes was a Detroit visitor Monday.

Germaine Foster of Grass Lake spent Sunday here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Miles spent Sunday at Dexter.

Miss Lena Foster was a Grass Lake visitor Monday.

Rev. C. S. Jones was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Miss Mary McGuinness of Dexter was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Miss Genevieve Schwikerath of Jackson spent Sunday here.

Misses Margaret and Mary Miller were Detroit visitors Tuesday.

Eugene Tuomey of Ann Arbor visited Mrs. Alice Gorman Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Barr of Saline is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. C. Congdon.

Herman Vogel of Detroit was the guest of his brother, Ed., Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cooper and daughter, Mina, spent Sunday at Gregory.

George Kirkland of Isosco has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Taylor.

Mrs. Montague of Big Rapids is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jackson, this week.

Mrs. Edward H. Doran left for Detroit last week to reside permanently in that city.

Miss Matie Stimson visited friends in Ypsilanti and Detroit the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Schumacher and children spent Sunday with Ann Arbor relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Kenyon of Howell were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Stimson Sunday.

John Grigg of Grand Rapids was the guest of R. W. Hall and family the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Fenner and children of Gaylord, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Everett, returned home Monday.

Mrs. L. T. Freeman spent several days of last week at Manchester. Mr. Freeman drove over Sunday and they returned that evening.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. McIntosh and daughter of Morenci spent several days of this week with friends here. Mr. McIntosh occupied the pulpit of the M. E. church Sunday morning.

Efficiency of Engines.

At the Royal technical school in Charlottenburg, Germany, Prof. Josse has recently tested, with remarkable results, a method of increasing the efficiency of steam engines, which was invented by two Germans some ten years ago, but has only now been effectively applied. The principle depends upon the employment of the exhaust steam from an ordinary compound engine to evaporate another liquid having a lower boiling point than water. The liquid used is sulphuric acid. The heat of the exhaust steam is sufficient to liberate sulphur dioxide gas, and this, passing into the cylinder of an auxiliary engine, acts the part of steam. It is afterward condensed and goes back to the vaporizer. The result is said to be that to every indicated horse power developed in the main engine about half a horse power is added by the auxiliary engine, without increasing the consumption of fuel.

It brings to the little ones that priceless gift of healthy flesh, solid bone and muscle. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35c. Ask your Druggist.

Would You Hang?

If you had to find five good friends, or be hanged, would you feel easy?—Aitchison Globe.

Prosperous.

Sister—Sold anything lately, Arthur? Disconsolate Artist—Yes, most of my furniture.—The King.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. Sold by all druggists.

Western Rates Reduced.

Greatly reduced one-way and round trip second class rates will be in effect from Chicago via Wisconsin Central Railway, to points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia each Tuesday during October and November.

For detailed information inquire of nearest ticket agent, or address Jas. C. Pond, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

The Better of the Two.

Better one enemy that you are sure of than a dozen doubtful friends.—Chicago Daily News.

This is the season when mothers are alarmed on account of croup. It is quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, which children like to take. Glazier & Stimson.

Tired

that's all. No energy, no vim, no vigor, no ambition. The head aches, thoughts are confused, memory fails. Life becomes a round of work but half accomplished, of eating that does not nourish, of sleep that fails to refresh and of resting that never rests. That's the beginning of nervous prostration.

"I was very nervous and so tired and exhausted that I could not do my work. One dose of Dr. Miles' Nervine quieted my nerves and drove away the lassitude. Seven bottles did wonders in restoring my health." Mrs. M. E. Lacy, Fortville, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

strengthens the worn-out nerves, refreshes the tired brain and restores health. Sold by druggists on guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Do you want all the news of the day, if so, take the

Detroit Free Press for the morning news

The Chicago News for the mid-day news

To-Day the new Detroit Penny Paper for the evening news.

WIRT McLAREN, AGENT.

Every farmer, indeed every one owning a horse or a cow, needs a good stock book. How frequently in an emergency when you have a sick animal and a veterinary is not at home, immediately such a book may save you a loss equal to many times its cost. At the book auction you can find the best publishers, such as Maguer's, Gleason's and Manning's Horse Books, The Farm and Stock Encyclopedias, and many others in the same line. All offered at about one third of publisher's prices.

No other pills can equal DeWitt's Little Early Risers for promptness, certainty and efficiency. Glazier & Stimson.



HOUSEWIVES KNOW

what ought come into the kitchen and go on the table. They form the jury by which

GROCERIES

must be tried and passed upon. Our goods in every line have won the verdict so often, that many people send us their orders and we answer for their satisfaction.

Deal with us and join the SATISFIED CLUB.

New Goods This Week.

Here's a list of eye, mouth, and pocket satisfying eatables. 22 pounds new California Prunes for \$1 Extra fancy Santa Clara Prunes 10c lb New evaporated Apricot 2 pounds for 25c Choice white cooking Figs 8c pound Fancy new California Layer Figs 15c lb With the largest, choicest, and lowest priced line of

FANCY GROCERIES

canned and bottled goods in Chelsea. We are equipped to satisfy your GROCERY WANTS.

Choice new white hoop Holland Her ring 3 for 5c

Large Fat Mackerel, 1 1/4 pound fish 14c pound

Medium White Fish 3 pounds for 25c

Warren, A. I. and Pillar Rock salmon 18c per can

Good Alaska salmon 13c per can

10 pounds Virginia Sweet Potatoes 25c.

Large Hubbard squash 5c each

10 pounds Rolled Oats for 25c

OYSTERS.

When you want Oysters, come here. When you want Oysters and water go elsewhere. We are prepared to furnish the finest Oysters direct from Baltimore and are not going to charge any fancy prices either.

New Maple Syrup, Pancake Flour, Cereal Foods, etc.

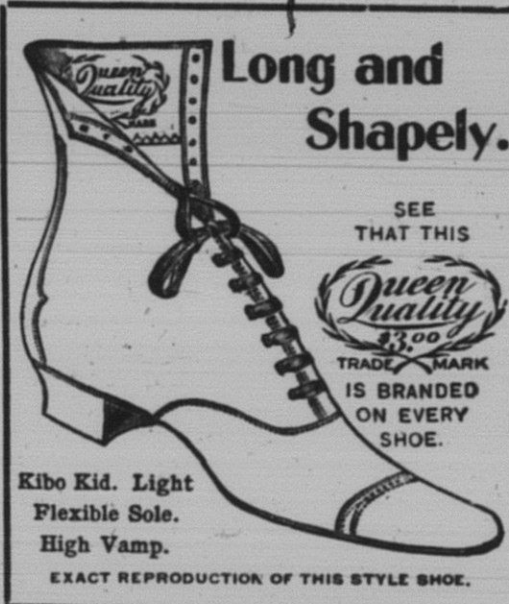
FREEMAN'S

6000 PAIRS A DAY!

Queen Quality The Queen Quality

SHOES FOR WOMEN

is produced in the finest factory in the world. The makers are, and have been for years, the acknowledged leaders in their line—WOMEN'S FINE SHOES.



The shoes are the most perfect fitting, the easiest on the feet, the most artistic, the handsomest, and the best values ever known in footwear. There are all styles for all uses, indoors or out; dress, walking and house wear.

The woman who hasn't seen them has missed something, and she who hasn't worn them has missed still more. They are a delight to the eye and a comfort to the foot.

ONE PRICE ALWAYS

\$3.00.



EXCLUSIVE AGENTS.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Chelsea Telephone No. 12

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

We are headquarters for the

FINEST TAILORING

in Washtenaw County.

We have the largest and best stock to select from and ten dollars will go farther here to dress you, and dress you well than elsewhere.

LADIES' COATS AND CAPES

made and re-modeled. We carry in stock goods suitable for ladies wear. Agent for the celebrated Dyers.

All kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods Cleaned by our New Process and finished like new goods.

Samples and Estimates furnished on application.

GLASS BLOCK TAILOR PARLORS.

J. J. RAFTREY, Proprietor.

Chelsea Savings Bank

Capital and Resources September 5, 1900, \$325,479.20.

Oldest and Strongest Bank in Western Washtenaw.

Owns and offers in amounts suitable for the investment of small savings or large sums

Municipal and School District Coupon Bonds

at a price that will net the purchasers 3 1/2 per cent per annum interest. Interest coupons cashed and maturing principal payable at CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK. So burdensome have the tax regulations become that many former investors in farm loans are buying well selected School District and Municipal Bonds instead which are exceedingly safe and easily collected.

We have a well organized arrangement for making careful and judicious purchases and are constantly in the field to purchase.

This Bank pays 3 per cent interest on moneys deposited with it according to its rules.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. J. Knapp, President, Thomas S. Sears, Vice President, Heman M. Woods, James L. Babcock, John R. Gates, Wm. P. Schenk, Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier, Geo. W. Palmer, M. D., Victor D. Hindelang, Theo. E. Wood, asst. Cashier, D. W. Greenleaf, Telier, A. K. Stimson, Auditor.

SEPTEMBER MORTALITY

Represents a Death Rate of 16.7
Per 1,000 Population.

AN INCREASE OF 365 DEATHS.

The State Crop Bulletin for September places the wheat yield in Michigan at 10,000,000 bushels—Other items of more or less importance.

Wheat Yield Placed at 10,000,000 Bu. Secretary of State Stearns issued the following report on the 10th: The temperature during September varied from two to four degrees above the normal. The precipitation also varied considerably in different parts of the state. The total number of acres of wheat on the ground last April, as returned by the supervisors, was 1,606,164. Of this whole amount 1,265,524 acres were in the southern counties, 253,185 in the central counties and 87,455 in the northern counties.

According to the reports received from crop correspondents, 76 per cent of the number of acres of wheat on the ground were harvested. The per cent harvested was, in the southern counties 74, in the central 77, and in the northern 85. This would indicate that the total number of acres of wheat that was harvested was, in the southern counties 937,615, in the central counties 205,553, in the northern counties 74,337, and in the state 1,217,505 acres.

The final estimated yield per acre for the number of acres harvested is in the southern counties 7 bushels, in the central counties 9 bushels, in the northern counties 9 bushels, and in the state 8 bushels.

From this we would estimate that the total yield for 1900 is 10,000,000 bushels.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in September at the flouring mills is 383,526, and at the elevators 176,316, or a total of 559,842 bushels. Of this whole amount 405,769 bushels were marketed in the southern four tiers of counties, 130,342 bushels in the central counties and 23,731 bushels in the northern counties. The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in the two months, August and September, is 1,021,142, which is 511,892 bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year. At 29 mills and elevators from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed in September. The total amount of wheat shipped by railroads from the various stations, as reported for August, is 300,242 bushels.

The aggregate sown this fall as compared with an average, is, in the southern counties 73, in the central 73, in the northern 81, and in the state 74. The average date of sowing wheat in the southern counties is Sept. 24, in the central counties Sept. 20, in the northern counties Sept. 20, and in the state Sept. 22.

3,319 Deaths in the State in September.

According to the returns received by the secretary of state there were 3,319 deaths in Michigan during the month of September, representing a death rate of 16.7 per 1,000 population. This is an increase of 365 deaths over the month of August, and of 556 over September, 1899. There were 1,020 deaths of infants under 1 year of age, as compared with 811 during August, 352 deaths of children aged 1 to 4 years, and 692 deaths of persons aged 5 years and over. Important causes of deaths were as follows: Pulmonary consumption, 146; other forms of tuberculosis, 49; typhoid fever, 136; diphtheria and croup, 44; scarlet fever, 17; measles, 2; whooping cough, 9; pneumonia, 93; diarrheal diseases of children under 5 years of age, 791; cancer, 124; accidents and violence, 129. There was an increase in mortality from pulmonary consumption and typhoid fever, which had exactly twice as many deaths in September as in August, and also an increase in diphtheria, croup and diarrheal diseases of children under 5 years.

The latter increased over 30 per cent above the mortality of the preceding month. There were fewer deaths from accidents and violence, measles and whooping cough than in August, while the number returned from scarlet fever and pneumonia were about the same.

Diseases in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health show that diarrheal, rheumatism, neuralgia, typhoid fever and bronchitis in the order named, caused the most sickness in Michigan during the week ending October 6. Smallpox was reported at one place, cerebro-spinal meningitis at five, measles at nine, whooping cough at 12, diphtheria at 42, scarlet fever at 65, typhoid fever at 178 and consumption at 183. No report relative to smallpox having been received from the health officers of the villages of Houghton and Hancock during the week, it is believed the outbreaks at these places are not yet ended.

Mt. Clemens merchants are wrestling with the early-closing movement.

Midland business men have organized an improvement association to help boost the town.

The South Haven & Eastern railroad will construct a brick round house at Paw Paw and remove its shops from Lawton to that place.

About 40 cases of smallpox are reported in the vicinity of Petoskey, and that city is taking energetic steps to prepare for vaccination.

Orion claims to be the only village of its size in the state where there is but one church where preaching services are regularly held.

After being "dry" for many years Tekonsha will have a saloon, the council having voted last week to grant a license for that purpose.

He Confessed His Crime.

Deputy Sheriff Clark, of Kalamazoo, left Lincoln, Neb., on the 15th, for home, having in his custody Charles Evanston, whom he arrested the day before on the charge of robbing the Union bank of Richland. Evanston confessed to Chief of Police Hoagland and Sheriff Clark his participation in the crime. The Richland robbery which was sensational and daring occurred two years ago and \$6,000 in cash and \$40,000 in securities were stolen. Six men were connected with the theft and four are now in the penitentiary. Evanston has been in Lincoln several months.

Taxes Boosted in Lapeer County.

The supervisors, in completing their work, gave Lapeer county a boost in figures this year in accordance with the law, at its actual cash value. In 1899 the equalization committee's figures were \$9,320,000, and the assessed valuation was placed at \$10,149,645. This year the corresponding figures are \$13,624,000 and \$12,782,552 respectively. Lapeer city is raised about \$37,000.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Mt. Clemens will adopt standard time on and after Oct. 22.

There are 317 inmates at the Industrial school for girls at Adrian.

The Featherbone company at Three Oaks now employs 300 hands regularly.

The new Presbyterian church at Hillsdale will be dedicated on Oct. 21.

The Saginaw Suburban Railway Co., on the 16th, filed a trust mortgage for \$800,000.

Lightning set fire to a farm barn near Spring Lake on the 15th, and it was totally destroyed.

Rural free mail delivery service has been ordered established at Emmett, St. Clair county, Nov. 1.

The Oceana county voters will decide at the coming election a proposition for a new county jail.

The poultry fanciers of Clinton county will hold their first annual show on Nov. 23-24, at St. Johns.

The saw mill owned by W. H. Johnson, of Gladstone, was totally destroyed by fire on the morning of the 15th.

There are 758 convicts at the Jackson prison. Fourteen of these are in the first grade, 34 in the second and the remainder in the third.

Fenton has secured a new industry, a factory which makes a patent handle bar for bicycles. The plant is now located in Detroit, but will be moved at once.

Ingham county board of supervisors raised Lansing's taxation from 32 to 34 per cent. The original intention was to raise it to 35 per cent, but a compromise was made of 34 per cent.

Members of the state tax commission take no stock in the statement of upper peninsula legislators to the effect that the tax rolls will be invalidated by the extension of this year's tax on the basis of increases made by the commission.

John Ryan, aged 35, sentenced to the Jackson prison for three years for horse stealing in Berrien county, suicided on the morning of the 15th by cutting his throat with a piece of looking glass. He had been in prison only 10 days.

The losses of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. of Calhoun county, since May 1, last, were \$5,807.89, and the assessment to meet these losses will not exceed 10 cents per \$1,000 of insurance.

An Eaton Rapids man discovered a curiosity while picking apples the other day. A large pumpkin sweet apple had grown into an old bird's nest that it was completely enveloped by it, the nest forming a network all around it.

In those portions of the state where potato raising is an important industry the country school teachers are having a vacation for a short time. The schools are closed so that the children may help dig potatoes before the heavy frosts come.

Two Flint industries were wiped out by fire on the 10th, the Webster Vehicle works and Houran & White's head's planing mill. Loss \$75,000, partially covered by insurance. Upwards of 100 men are thrown out of employment.

If all the canning factories are like the one at Lawrence there must be good things all around. The one there, according to the local paper, is paying out \$7.50 per week in wages and will declare a dividend of 20 per cent to the stockholders.

Recently Abraham Mastin, a farmer living near Azalia, was bailing hay when he found a hen in the hay mow that was alive. She had been there since the Fourth of July when the hay was put up. She was so weak that she could not stand up, and weighed scarcely a pound, but is still alive.

The expense of the last special session was \$17,000, the heaviest item being the \$15 which the newspapers in the state will receive for printing the laws enacted. Auditor-General Dix has concluded to pay the salaries of Prof. Cooley and his assistants, who appraising the railroad property of the state.

Gov. Pingree has pardoned George Roddy, Edward Harrington and John Collins who, on May 10, 1895, were sent from Calhoun county to Marquette prison for 12, 11 and 10 years respectively. A pardon has also been granted Wm. L. Churchill, sent from Montmorency county, Sept. 20, 1890, to Jackson for 15 years for murder in the second degree.

Judge J. A. Hubbell, of Houghton, chairman of the national Republican congressional committee, in the Garfield campaign, and for five terms congressman from that district, died on the 13th, aged 71.

SPECIAL SESSION DOINGS.

After both the house and senate had spent an entire day on the 11th, wrestling with the resolution proposing to amend the constitution, without reaching a settlement, it was thought the matter would not be straightened out in a hurry. The senate from the start maintaining a strenuous opposition to the clause "permitting the classification of corporations for the purpose of taxation," and substituting the "average rate." The senate's "average rate" proposition was referred back to the house, and that body and the members of the state tax commission protested against the senate amendment on the ground that under it all corporations would hereafter be included in the "average rate," should the proposed amendment pass, and that it would be impossible for the state at any time in the future to pass any laws, such as are in force in other states, for a franchise tax on street railways, or enable the adoption of any plan to support the state by corporate tax. After considerable oratory the house finally referred the measure, inclusive of the senate amendment, to the house judiciary committee and the members of that body, together with senators and the tax commissioners reviewed the matter thoroughly. The senators insisted that to provide in the constitutional amendment that railroad and other corporations should be taxed at the "average rate" of taxation in the state would forever provide equitable corporate taxation; that no objection whatever could be made to these corporations paying the same rate of tax as all other property. They urged that an "average rate" would stand in court if it was the same rate found by the state board of assessors. When the house met the following morning this compromise state of affairs was well understood, and that body adjourned to give the senate time in which to recall its constitutional amendment and effect the desired changes. This accomplished the house by a vote of 81 to 2 passed the constitutional amendment measure for ad valorem taxation of railroads, as it came from the senate, and it now only needs the governor's signature to insure that the people will be given an opportunity to vote upon it this fall. Only Reps. Burdick and Seully voted against the measure in the house.

The only bill aside from the railroad measure that was passed was the one appropriating \$2,500 for rebuilding the condemned wall at the Industrial School for Boys. The house buried the intermediate court amendment by tabling it, and in a like manner put to sleep a bill designed to authorize the payment of the salaries and expenses of Prof. Cooley and the other experts who are appraising the value of railroad property notwithstanding the alleged unconstitutionality of the act. Gov. Pingree transmitted a special message strongly urging the passage of this bill. Another project to fall by the wayside was an attempt made by Rep. Anderson to have the house ask the governor for a message under which a bill could be passed repealing the charter of the Grand Rapids Hydraulic company.

Both houses met promptly at noon on the 10th, and after the usual religious exercises, the formalities was gone through of appointing the customary committees to notify the governor, it being arranged that a joint session should be held at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of hearing the governor's message. The roll call of the house showed 25 absentees at first, but a number came in during the day, while in the senate the only one not in his seat was Senator Potter, and he sent a letter explaining that he was tied up with legal matters. The chief business of the first day's session was the reading of the governor's message by Clerk Miller. Following the reading of the message Speaker Adams and President Robinson started the ball rolling by delivering short addresses before the house and senate where they preside.

Representative Wayne on the 10th introduced the joint resolution providing for the proposed amendments to the constitution and the speaker referred it to the judiciary committee. Beyond a few minor changes the resolution is the same as that which passed the house at the last session, but which was defeated in the senate and includes the vital provision giving the legislature the power to classify corporations for the purpose of taxation. This has always been the main objection to the measure and a majority of the senators were outspoken in saying that the bill would pass the senate which provided for the classification of corporations.

The Pingree idea of the proper resolution to adopt was introduced in the house by Representative Wayne, of Midland, on the 10th, and it went to the committee on judiciary. In this committee the classification part was quickly knocked out, and when the committee got through with it the resolution was much like the senate idea, except that the paragraph proposing to limit the amount per capita that should be turned into the primary school fund had been stricken out.

All the business of the session having been transacted by the 12th, the house adjourned until the 15th, just as the senate had done a few moments before. This ended the special session, for the presence of only the presiding officers and chief clerks are required in bringing a session to its final end. Most of the legislators left for home on the night trains.

A resolution was introduced by Senator Sayre on the 11th, calling on Gov. Pingree to send in a message asking the legislature to make an appropriation for repairing the north wing of the industrial school.

The committee on judiciary did not take kindly to the idea of limiting the amount of money that should go into the primary school fund, as was proposed by Collector Rich.

CHANCE FOR AMERICANS.

A Good Opening in New South Wales Assured.

MANUFACTURERS ARE WANTED

Two Met Death and Several Were Seriously Injured in a Wreck on the L. S. & M. S. at Chicago—An Open Switch Responsible for the Accident.

Two Men Were Killed.

An open switch, believed to have been purposely misplaced, caused the death of two men, seriously injured three others and made wreckage of the engine and forward part of the New York and Boston express train on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern road at Chicago on the night of the 14th. The engine was demolished and two mail and two express cars were piled up in a heap, but the five passenger coaches behind the baggage cars did not leave the track and their occupants escaped injury. The train was running 45 miles an hour when it struck the switch. Four boys, ranging in age from 9 to 11 years, have been arrested, charged with the deed.

Chance for Americans.

A letter received at the U. S. department of agriculture at Washington from Penrith college, New South Wales, calls attention to the great need of improved types of agricultural machinery in that colony. The writer states that there are not half a dozen machines for cutting and collecting maize in New South Wales, and a machine for cutting sugar cane would be greatly appreciated by the cane growers in the north of that colony and in Queensland. He suggests that there are great opportunities for American manufacturers of agricultural machines who are desirous of extending their business beyond the U. S.

Russia Desperately Hard Up.

The fact that Russia is endeavoring to raise a \$150,000,000 loan in New York and Paris may explain why Russia has been so anxious to induce the power to retire from Pekin. She is so desperately hard up she cannot stand the financial strain of a prolonged campaign in China, and the fact that she is trying to borrow money is perhaps one of the surest guarantees of international peace. In Paris, Russia is trying to induce the Rothschilds to lend her \$100,000,000. In New York one of the great international financial houses is trying to form a syndicate to lend Russia \$50,000,000.

Worm Destroying Corn in Ohio.

Farmers in the vicinity of Tiffin, O., are experiencing a new plague, and unless a remedy is soon applied the magnificent crop of corn Ohio is producing will be a failure. The little pest, a species of cut worm, locates near the tassel of the ear. He commences boring away at the grains. The worm cuts down from the small of the ear to the thick end. It eats out the heart of the grains, which then fall from the cob. They are about an inch in length and about one-sixteenth of an inch in thickness. The fields are full of the worms and no remedy has yet been discovered.

300 Fishermen Perished.

According to reports from St. Pierre, 17 fishing vessels that were operating on the grand banks during the gale of Sept. 12 are still missing with crews aggregating 300 men. A number of vessels that have arrived at St. Johns, N. E., within the last few days have reported a loss of one to seven men each. The fatality list probably exceeds 300. Serious disaster has visited a number of Newfoundland fishing harbors, Burin, on the west side of Placentia bay, alone losing 35 men.

War Material Seized by Spain.

The Spanish government is greatly concerned at a revival of the Carlist agitation and the discovery of a depot of arms at Lerida, Catalonia, where 615 Remingtons and 400 bayonets and an important collection of machinery and tools for the manufacture and repair of arms were seized at a locksmith's store kept by a Carlist. Four arrests were made, including one Nimbo, who styles himself, "Chief of the Carlist administration."

13 Americans Captured by Filipinos.

A dispatch from Manila, dated Oct. 16, says: A detachment of 20 men of the 34th regiment, while engaged in repairing telegraph wires, Oct. 10, at a point near San Jose, Nuevo Ecija province, Luzon, were set on by 200 rebels and overpowered and scattered. Seven of the Americans reached San Jose, but it is probable that the remainder were captured.

Fireman Jumped Overboard.

An unknown fireman on the steamer Huron City committed suicide by jumping overboard below the dummy in Lake Erie on the 13th. Every effort was made to rescue him but he sank before aid could reach him. He shipped from Erie and gave the name of "Jim" only. He was about 5 feet 10 inches tall, and weighed about 180 pounds.

Lamp Chimney Combustion.

An organization to be known as the Glass Chimney association has been formed by the largest producers, and general offices established at Pittsburg. It is expected to induce all of the chimney makers to become members, agree to sell only at association prices, and thus stop the cutting of rates, which is said to have been quite heavy and disastrous recently.

The Congregationalists of Grass Lake have just succeeded in raising a debt of \$650, and have \$200 in the treasury.

STRIKE NOTES.

A special policeman was instantly killed, another was wounded in the head, a striker was probably fatally shot and 10 non-union men were more or less seriously wounded at the Onondaga colliery in a clash between the officers and the 500 strikers on the morning of the 10th. The women were told by General Superintendent Kudlick to go home. He assured them that their husbands would get an increase in wages and that other grievances would be properly adjusted. The women refused to listen and stoned the superintendent, who was wounded in the head.

It was learned on the 12th that President Mitchell is making an effort to prevent the transportation of bituminous coal from West Virginia into the eastern markets where the anthracite fuel is sold. It is said that Mr. Mitchell's plan is to have the railway unions take up the matter for the purpose of considering the advisability of tying up those railroads which persist in transporting the soft coal to the anthracite market. What action the railway men will take cannot at this time be predicted.

The representatives of the big coal companies at Wilkesbarre, Pa., still insist that no further concessions will be made to the men, and that if the offer of 10 per cent increase is rejected the strike is destined to go on. The offer of the operators having been refused, the companies will endeavor to operate their mines with new men. Should the strikers interfere, then the state will be called upon to protect these men who are willing to work.

Eight hundred and fifty-seven miners who hold in their hands the power to end or continue the anthracite coal miners' strike, which has been in progress for more than three weeks, met in convention at Scranton, Pa., on the 12th for the purpose of considering the 10 per cent net advance in wages offered by the operators, and adjourned until the following day without taking any action on their employers' proposition.

In regard to the latest situation in the strike fields on the 14th, Senator Hanna said: "I do not profess prophetic insight into the strike situation in Pennsylvania, but the last news received from the center of disturbances is to the effect that a settlement is near. Advices received by business men coincide with the statement, and I am told a compromise of the difficulty is a certainty within a few days at least."

About 1,500 men and 60 women and girls marched 18 miles from the south side of Hazleton region during the night of the 13th for the Panther Creek valley. They expected to close all of the 10 collieries of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., but just as the weary marchers were nearing their destination the following morning they were met on a mountain road by three companies of infantry, and at the point of the bayonet were driven back four miles to Tamaqua and dispersed. Another crowd of 800 strikers from the north side of Hazleton also marched there and succeeded in closing the company's No. 1 colliery at Nesquehoning, near Mauch Chunk, before it was scattered. The presence of the soldiers was entirely unexpected, and the strikers were much crestfallen.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

A satisfactory little affair occurred near Frankfort on the 11th. Col. Grove, with the West Kents, surprised a Boer laager at dawn, killed 7, wounded 9 and captured 15.

A dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez, dated the 13, says that the American bark, Fred P. Litchfield, went ashore there from her moorings during a gale on the 14th. In consequence of a suspicion that she was carrying Mr. Kruger's gold to the amount of £1,500,000, she was searched.

A dispatch from Cape Town, dated the 13th, says: The Boers are very active in the Kroonstad district. Gen. De Wet has proclaimed that burghers who refuse to fight will be made prisoners of war. British mounted infantry, scouting from Lindley, had Capt. Wiltshire killed through mistaking a party of 40 Boers in khaki for friends. Boer commandoes continually harassed the British column while marching from Lindley to Kroonstad. The Boers captured a detachment of the Cheshire regiment, which was escorting an empty wagon near Frankfort. They released the driver, but kept the wagon.

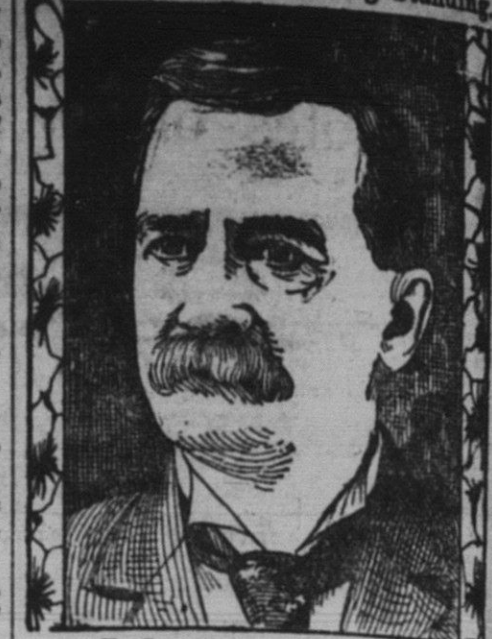
Driven from the Transvaal by force of British arms, eight American citizens who recently arrived penniless in New York, have petitioned the United States government to present claims for indemnity against Great Britain. They declare that although neutral in the recent conflict, they were kidnapped from their homes, leaving wives and children behind. As prisoners of war the men say they were driven out of Johannesburg on July 13, railroaded to the seacoast in cattle trucks, and then sent in the steerage of a transport to Holland. American consuls in the ports where they stopped, were powerless to rescue them, and they have made a final appeal through attorneys to the secretary of state at Washington.

Field Marshal Count von Waldersee left Tien Tsin for Pekin on the 14th. A terrible grade crossing accident, in which three persons were instantly killed and one probably fatally injured, occurred at Newcastle, Pa., on the night of the 13th.

Coal and gas in pay quantities were found east of St. Joseph, Mo., on the 14th at a depth of a little more than 1,000 feet. The gas will be piped to the city at once if the supply holds out, as it promises to do. A vein of coal that may reach two feet in thickness, was also found.

A CONGRESSMAN

Cured of Catarrh of Long Standing.



Ex-Congressman A. T. Goodwyn, from Alabama, writes the following letter: The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.: Gentlemen—"I have now used two bottles of Peruna, and am a well man today. I could feel the good effects of your medicine before I had used it a week, after suffering with catarrh for over a year." Respectfully, A. T. Goodwyn. Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a national curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh. Public men of all parties recognize in Peruna a national catarrh remedy of unequalled merit. Send to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, for a free book on catarrh.

Only Two Methods: Paper, Profitable. It came out in the reports of the recent Methodist conference that only two of the fifteen official journals of the church, published in different sections of the country under the common name of the Christian Advocate, had been conducted at a profit. The net loss on the others—\$108,000 in four years—had been borne out of the profits of the publishing business known as the Book Concern.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is not a permanent inflammation of the mucous surface. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, or F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Wife's Sublime Faith. Every wife should have so much faith in her husband that when he goes hunting she should not buy any meat for dinner, but make every preparation to cook ducks.—Aitchison Globe.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy movements, cost you just 10 natural motions, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS. Candy. Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Better the end of a feast than the beginning of a fray.

Jell-O, the New Dessert, pleases all the family. Four flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers. 10 cts. Try it today.

Every one who is not popular says it is because he has no time to loaf.

GARFIELD TEA, the wonderful HERB MEDICINE, created a revolution in the treatment of many diseases. It showed that by purifying the blood permanent cures were easily effected. Garfield Tea is NATURE'S REMEDY.

After the average woman marries she hasn't a single idea in the world.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not spot, streak or give your goods an unevenly dyed appearance.

A man never knows how badly he feels until he gets his doctor's bill.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who is driven to desperation usually assists in the driving.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kilmer's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KILMER, Ltd., 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The frankness of some people is as bad as the foolishness of others.

Carter's Ink has the endorsement of the United States government and of all the leading railroads. Want any more evidence?

Why is it that we always show our worst side to our best friends?

A vigorous growth and the original color given to the hair by PARKER'S Hair Balsam. HERRINGMAN, the best cure for corns. 15c.

No matter how rich you are, you cannot afford to lose a friend.

I do not believe Pisco's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOSTON, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Property sends the balloon up, but adversity pulls it down again.

When cycling, take a bar of White's Yucatan You can ride faster and easier.

It has been truly said that more men fall in love than in war.

"All the Sweetness of Living Blossoms" the most luxuriant perfume. Murray & Latham Florida Water.

The penitent maiden sometimes becomes an expensive wife.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.
It artificially digests the food and aids nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all the results of imperfect digestion.
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BAYONET POINTS FOR MOB.

Crowd of 1,500 Strikers Driven Back Four Miles.

A RIOT NARROWLY AVERTED.

Invaders March in Two Armies—After Shutting One Panther Creek Mine They Are Dispersed—An Exciting Day in the Coal Regions.

Lansford, Pa., Oct. 17.—About 1,500 men and sixty women and girls marched eighteen miles from the south side of the Hazleton region last night for the Panther Creek valley, where they expected to close all of the ten collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, but just as the weary watchers were nearing their destination this morning they were met on a mountain road by three companies of infantry and at the point of the bayonet were driven back four miles to Tamaqua and dispersed.

Another crowd of 800 strikers from the north side of Hazleton also marched here and succeeded in closing the company's No. 1 colliery at Nesquehoning, near Mauch Chunk, before it was scattered. The presence of the soldiers was entirely unexpected and the strikers were much crestfallen that they failed in accomplishing the object of their long march.

Exciting Day at Panther Creek. It was probably the most exciting morning that the Panther Creek and Nesquehoning valleys have ever experienced. Strikers were scattered over the various roads, and companies of soldiers were scurrying in all directions, heading off the marching men. The troops were patient with the mob of strikers, while the labor men were very careful not to commit overt acts in the presence of the troops. For a moment, just after the two forces met on the road in the darkness, it looked as if a clash would come, but the good sense of those who had charge of the strikers prevented a possible conflict.

Big Demonstration Planned. The march on Panther Creek valley was on the strikers' program for several days. The United Mine Workers, ever since the strike started, have been attempting to close the collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company in this region. Organizers were constantly in the region, but as a rule they did not meet with much success, so it was decided to use stronger methods to get the men employed in the ten mines out on strike. Accordingly it was arranged that a big demonstration should be held in the valley. It was to have been held yesterday morning, but owing to the heavy rain and muddy roads it was called off until this morning.

Those who took part were strikers from McAdoo, Yorktown, Bunker Hill and Silver Brook, from the south side of Hazleton and the Freeland, Drifton, Jeddo and Beaver Meadow strikers from the north side. The women and girls all came from McAdoo, which borough is the only one in the Hazleton region which has organized female marchers.

MINERS AND TROOPS MOVING.

March of the Former on the Panther Creek District.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 17.—The most important move made by the miners in this and the Schuylkill district began in the morning when 8,000 or more of the strikers started on a march to Tamaqua and other mining villages in the Panther Creek district and will endeavor to close the mines which have been running since the beginning of the strike and on which the operators have all along depended to keep up a semblance of supplying the immediate wants of their patrons. It is reported here to-day that the deputies, coal and iron police and several companies of Pennsylvania troops will be in the valley to meet the marchers and that they will be prepared for any kind of trouble that may occur. The march, however, have been warned to remain orderly and not interfere with the officers.

As has been usual in marches of this kind, the women and men of McAdoo lead the procession. They have for their companions the two big Hazleton unions, the one at Coaldale, those from the Schuylkill district and those from the north and south sides. The Panther Creek district will be literally surrounded by the strikers. There will be three divisions and all are said to be well drilled for the work that is before them.

March to Be a Test.

The cry has on several occasions come from the Panther Creek friends of the union, "March on us and we will quit." The test is being made today. If it is successful it may have much to do with bringing the strike to a speedy close, as it is the principal field now in operation. The Marikle mines at Jeddo, shaft No. 40, of the Lehigh Valley Coal company and the Cranberry are about all that are left in operation in this district. No concerted effort has as yet been made to close any of these.

Six Companies of Troops Move.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 17.—Advices have reached Gen. Gobin in command of the state troops here, that a large body of marching strikers have left McAdoo for the Panther Creek region. They expect to reach that valley in time to intercept the miners on their way to work. Gen. Gobin, at the request of Sheriff Toole, ordered six companies of the Fourth regiment to leave at once for that valley, and a special train on the Philadelphia &

Reading railroad to take them to Tamaqua, which station is but a few miles from Coaldale. Gen. Gobin went with the troops and assumed personal command.

Say Strike Is to End Wednesday.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 16.—On Wednesday of this week the strike will be settled, so all the miners in this region are asserting today, but their belief cannot be traced to an authoritative foundation. They say they got it from their leaders. The leaders say it came from headquarters, although not as an official statement.

FIND DRUGS ARE HARMLESS.

Health Department Reports on the Marie Defenbach Case.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—The health department has analyzed the drugs found while investigating the case of Marie Defenbach, supposed to have been murdered to get insurance money, and to-day reported that they are harmless. It was expected by the police that the report on the medicines which were found in Miss Defenbach's room at Mrs. Monahan's house would be of vital effect on the case. The report was filed with Chief of Detectives Coblentz and it shows that the drugs were such as physicians frequently prescribe. As a new development in the alleged insurance conspiracy, it has come to the surface that Dr. Unger is deeply interested in a suit which has been brought by a West Lake street tailor on account of personal injuries resulting from an accident on the West Madison street cable line. The police profess to see certain peculiarities about the details, the only apparent connection being the alleged friendship existing between the tailor, Dr. Unger and Marie Defenbach, who was acquainted with the tailor when her mother conducted the little candy store on the west side. Mrs. Ida Wells, sister of Marie Defenbach, discredits the statement made by Annie Price, the colored office assistant, who once was employed by Dr. Unger, to the effect that Marie was troubled with heart disease. "My sister was absolutely healthy," said Mrs. Wells. "Now that she is dead and there is no way of disproving their statements by means of an examination, they are suddenly discovering that she was suffering from all manner of ailments."

Florida's Orange Crop.

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 17.—A conservative estimate of Florida's orange crop this year places the yield at 1,000,000 boxes. An extra large yield will be had in Manatee, Hillsboro and De Soto counties. The groves are in healthy condition, and within about two weeks the fruit will begin to be marketed. Before the freeze in 1895, when the yield was 5,000,000 boxes, they sold at 50 cents, but this year the average price per box is \$2.

Suicide of Thomas F. Lane.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Thomas F. Lane, son-in-law of United States Senator-elect Blackburn of Kentucky, committed suicide at his home in this city last night by shooting. Ill health is assigned as the cause of the act. Mr. Lane's little daughter was in the room with him at the time.

Mr. Lane was the American representative of the Vicker's Sons & Maxim Gun company of London.

Heinrich Kusserow Is Dead.

Berlin, Oct. 17.—Herr Heinrich Kusserow, who retired in 1890 from the post of Prussian minister to the Hanseatic cities and to Mecklenburg, died at Koblenz, aged 64. He was the virtual founder of Germany's colonial empire, acquiring under the Bismarck regime the first protectorates. Since retirement he had been active as a colonial publicist.

Stove Combine Is Abandoned.

Hamilton, Ohio, Oct. 17.—Local stove manufacturers have been advised that the meeting to have been held in Chicago today to organize a combination of stove manufacturers has been canceled. The scheme, which involved some \$80,000,000 capital, is said by a local manufacturer to have been abandoned.

Seeks Release from Asylum.

Kankakee, Ill., Oct. 17.—Hearing on the petition of Aaron F. Morgan for release from the hospital of the insane on a habeas corpus writ was begun. Several ministers and church members testified to Morgan's sanity. Morgan's wife and four children told of brutal treatment. Morgan is from Danville, where he used to preach in the streets.

Post-Season Baseball.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 17.—The first of the post-season series of games between Brooklyn and Pittsburg for the world's championship in possession of a \$500 trophy cup was won here by Brooklyn hands down. The following is the score:
Brooklyn 0 0 3 1 0 1 0 0 5
Pittsburg 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2
Attendance—4,000.

Government's Majority 130.

London, Oct. 17.—The election returns today do not change the results, and the final figures, with the exception of the Orkney islands, leave the government a net gain of a single seat. The total number of members parliament elected is 669, as follows: Ministerialists, 400; Oppositions,

King Oscar of Sweden Sick.

Stockholm, Oct. 17.—King Oscar is confined to his bed with bronchial catarrh, complicated by an accretion of phlegm in the right lung.

Zdenko Fabich Is Dead.

Prague, Oct. 17.—The death is announced of Zdenko Fabich, the celebrated Bohemian actor, 36er.

AN ORDER TO KILL GOEBEL.

Sensational Statement by Murdered Man's Brother.

YOUTSEY CONFESSED TO HIM.

Says Youtsey Told Him the Executive Gave the Word for the Assassination—Testimony of Wharton Golden and W. H. Caltion Given.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 17.—The trial of Henry Youtsey was resumed, although the defendant was reported by the physicians to be no better. The sensational feature was the testimony of Arthur Goebel, brother of the murdered man. He told of his visit to Youtsey in jail, and said Youtsey confessed to him as follows:
"I had a talk with Dick Combs Monday morning, and he told me he was ready to do the shooting, and I went to Caleb Powers for the key to his office. John Powers gave me the key. I went to Gov. Taylor and I told Gov. Taylor that Dick Combs was ready to do the shooting. Gov. Taylor said: 'I object to having a negro do it. Combs may be a spy and he may betray us.'"

Says Taylor Promised a Pardon.

"Tuesday morning, Jan. 30, I went back to Gov. Taylor. I said to him: 'The man to do the shooting is now here.' I told him Jim Howard was here. Gov. Taylor walked up and down the floor and said: 'Youtsey, if Goebel is killed, do you think I can hold my office?' I said 'Yes.' Finally I said to him, as Gov. Taylor hesitated still: 'It is up to you to decide now finally whether it is to be done or not.' Taylor said, finally:
"Well, tell them to go ahead. If it is necessary I can send the man to the mountains with a squad of soldiers, and he will be safe enough."

"I then walked back and reported. I told Berry Howard and Dick Combs and Jim Howard to go and be in the hall of the executive building, and I then left. I went and got the cartridges. When I went back Berry Howard, Dick Combs and Jim Howard were in the hall, and I unlocked the door and let them in and gave the cartridges to Jim Howard. He was the last man who went in the door.

Gave Jim Howard the Rifle.

"I let Jim Howard, Berry Howard and 'Tallow Dick' Combs into Caleb Powers' private office, and gave Jim Howard a rifle and steel cartridges, and stood at the door when the shot was fired. I did not see who fired the shot."

Wharton Golden testified that he saw John Powers give Youtsey a key on Jan. 29, and that Powers said it was a key to Caleb's private office.

Caltion Adds to the Evidence.

W. H. Caltion testified that Youtsey told him after the shooting that Gov. Taylor had been urging him to leave the state. Caltion also testified that Youtsey told him of the plan to kill Goebel and escape through the basement; that Youtsey asked him to swear after the shooting that Youtsey was in the legislative hall when the shot was fired; that Taylor told Youtsey to deny in future all knowledge of the shooting.

The commonwealth closed its case in the evening after the cross-examination of Caltion. The court gave the defense till this afternoon to consider whether to make a statement to the jury.

Miss Gast Beats Records.

New York, Oct. 17.—All outdoor long-distance cycle marks have been eclipsed by a little Bavarian milliner of this city. Marguerite Gast is the name of this remarkably young woman. In height she stands only 5 feet 2 inches, and her normal weight is under 125 pounds. Her claim to prowess as an athlete rests solely in a splendid muscular development. By 500 miles she has ridden farther than any woman had heretofore done in a continuous journey. By three hours and one minute she has beaten the fastest time ever made by a wheelman for twenty successive centuries, the limit having been set as a mark for the limit of human endurance. Miss Gast's time for 2,000 miles is 222 hours 5 1/2 minutes. Will Brown's record for the same distance is 225 hours 6 1/2 minutes.

Japan's Reply to France.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Germany is the only power which has not replied formally to France's note on China, though she has verbally accepted its terms. Japan's answer accepts the proposals, retaining only one condition. This refers to the permanent prohibition of the importation of arms. While agreeing with the principle, Japan offers suggestions as to how the prohibition can be best accomplished. A dispatch received at the French foreign office from Hankow, dated Oct. 13, says the Chinese court arrived at Sianfu Oct. 12.

New Chilean Ministry.

Valparaiso, Chile, Oct. 17.—The ministerial crisis has been solved by the appointment of the following new ministry: Premier, Elias Fernandez Albano; foreign minister, Manuel Sanz; minister of justice, Emilio P. Codecido; minister of finance, E. Santelices; minister of war, marine, Ricardo Matte Perez; of industry and public works, Orrego.

Dowdette Tries a Bicycle.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 17.—Dowdette, Edward Williams of Harbor, Mich., was here, ridden here on a bicycle to line. He was sent out of the police.

ROYALTY IS DISAPPOINTING.

Kings and Dukes Insist on Viewing Paris. Sights Incognito.

Paris, Oct. 17.—Paris is full of royalalties just now. They are taking a look at the exposition before its close, which will be two weeks from next Monday. King Leopold of Belgium, King George of Greece, Grand Duke Sergius of Russia and his wife, Grand Duchess Elizabeth, Grand Duchess Xenia Alexandrovna, the czar's sister, and other dignitaries of less importance are to be seen daily in the exposition grounds. Much disappointment is expressed in official circles because these royal personages have chosen to appear in Paris incognito. Their desire to remain unknown has, of course, prevented any attempt at public demonstrations or festivities in their honor. The two kings did indeed forsake their incognito for a moment to make an official call on President Loubet, but that formal visit was the only glimpse Paris has had of them in their royal capacity. Only two crowned heads have occupied the "Palace of Sovereigns"—King Oscar of Sweden and Norway and the shah of Persia. This side of the exposition has been a complete failure, and that fact is being exploited by the enemies of the government.

Talks on "Greater America."

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 17.—Reports and addresses again took up the time of the American Christian Missionary society's sessions. The morning meeting was presided over by W. K. Homan of Texas, president of the society, who delivered his annual address, taking as his theme, "Greater America, the New Century and the Paramount Issue." The Bible study was conducted by Jabez Hall of Indianapolis. Benjamin L. Smith of Cincinnati made a statement of the board of negro education and evangelization. I. J. Cahill followed with an interesting address on Porto Rico, depicting the beauties and possibilities, from a missionary standpoint, in that newly acquired island.

Cold Water Train in East.

Salamanca, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The prohibition party special train left Buffalo at 5:30 a. m. over the Erie road, reaching Jamestown, the first stop of the day, at 8 o'clock. A committee and band received the party at the station and escorted them to the city hall, where a meeting was held. Volney R. Cushing, William T. Wardwell, John G. Woolley and Samuel Dickie addressed a large and appreciative audience. A stop of fifteen minutes was made at Salamanca, where Mr. Woolley spoke to a number of persons. Afternoon stops were made at Wellsville, Hornellsville, Dalton, Castile, Warsaw, Batavia and Avon. The train will arrive at Rochester at 8 o'clock for the night meeting.

Revenge the Motive.

South Chicago, Ill., Oct. 17.—Investigations by the South Chicago police lead to the belief that the wreck of the Lake Shore express train at Eighty-eighth street, in which two men lost their lives and several persons were injured, was caused by a person or persons seeking revenge on the railroad company. Of late the special agents of the Lake Shore have been active in prosecuting coal thieves, and in the Polish settlement which borders the tracks south of Eighty-fourth street, there has arisen a feeling of bitterness against the officers. Eight boys, ranging in age from 9 years to 17 years, were arrested on suspicion last night.

Whitlow Is a Raving Maniac.

St. Joseph, Mich., Oct. 17.—Mrs. John Platt, living twelve miles north of here on the St. Joseph river, awoke and found her husband dead by her side. The woman was so affected by the discovery that she became insane, and when the county superintendent of the poor, Charles Miller of this city, reached the place she was a raving maniac. Three small children were clinging to her skirts and adding their cries of terror to the screams of their distracted mother.

Robbers on a B. & O. Train.

Marietta, O., Oct. 17.—John Kopte, a passenger on the east-bound Baltimore & Ohio train, was robbed in a coach east of Athens by three men. The work was quick and the robbers escaped. Kopte has been in America a year and worked in the coal mines at Corning. He had earned \$100 and was going home to his family at Bremen, Germany. No other passengers were disturbed by the robbers.

Whisky Trust Case in Court.

New York, Oct. 17.—Another step in the litigation over the management of the whisky trust was taken in Newark, N. J., when Vice-Chancellor Emery granted an order to show cause why the annual meeting of the trust, which is scheduled to take place Wednesday, should not be indefinitely postponed. The rule is returnable in Newark today.

South African Gold Coming.

New York, Oct. 17.—Three millions of dollars in gold, at a rough calculation, is now under engagement by the National City bank for importation to this country. The larger part of the bank's engagement consists of about \$2,600,000 in bars, which comes from South Africa.

Reports Peary Not Sighted.

St. Johns, Oct. 17.—The sealing steamer Kate, which has just visited Cumberland inlet with supplies for the American whaling station there, reports that nothing has been seen or heard of the Peary steamer Windward. Hope of her return this fall is now practically abandoned.

DISCOVERIES OF THE CENTURY.

It is fortunate, since there are left no new lands to be discovered on this terrestrial globe, that inventive man has turned his mind to more useful things. So we have steam, electricity and many other advantages not enjoyed by our forefathers. Medicine, too, has made great strides; for even man's old enemy, Rheumatism, has at last found its master in Swanson's "5 Drops." The success of this truly marvelous specific for Rheumatism has been astonishing and never equaled in the annals of medicine. It gives instant relief, kills germs, prevents disease and positively cures all forms of chronic and acute Rheumatism, Sciatica and Neuralgia. It is also used with unfailing effect in all Nervous Affections of every description, Catarrh, Croup, Bronchitis, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles, La Grippe, Malaria, Creeping Numbness and kindred diseases.

Swanson's "5 Drops" is sold by agents and by the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., 164 Lake street, Chicago, Ill. In some places the druggists are agents. If the remedy is not obtainable in your town, order direct of the manufacturers. Large size bottles (300 doses) \$1.00, prepaid by express or mail. Trial bottle will be sent on receipt of 25 cents. Agents wanted in new territory. Write now.

Treat persons older than yourself with the proper respect.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling; no baking; add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts.

Defend your good name at any and all times.

No-ize, looking at the matter from the standpoint of common sense, expects to cure constipation by taking pills and strong cathartics; a PERMANENT CURE is one gained by removing the CAUSE. GARDNER'S TEA SO CURES.

Poor is the man who cannot afford a wife.

Sudden and Severe

attacks of

Neuralgia

come to many of us, but however bad the case

St. Jacobs Oil

penetrates promptly and deeply, soothes and strengthens the nerves and brings a sure cure.



of the foot and ankle. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the shoe on the nerves of the foot. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the foot and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the head and face. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the hat on the nerves of the head. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the head and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the back and spine. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the chair on the nerves of the back. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the back and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the arms and hands. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the desk on the nerves of the arms. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the arms and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the legs and feet. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the shoe on the nerves of the legs. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the legs and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the chest and lungs. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the ribs on the nerves of the chest. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the chest and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the stomach and bowels. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the food on the nerves of the stomach. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the stomach and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the bladder and kidneys. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the urine on the nerves of the bladder. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the bladder and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the uterus and ovaries. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the child on the nerves of the uterus. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the uterus and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the prostate and testicles. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the semen on the nerves of the prostate. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the prostate and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the heart and lungs. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the blood on the nerves of the heart. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the heart and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the brain and nerves. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the thoughts on the nerves of the brain. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the brain and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the soul and spirit. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the sins on the nerves of the soul. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the soul and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the body and mind. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the world on the nerves of the body. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the body and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the life and death. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the eternity on the nerves of the life. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the life and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the heaven and hell. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the judgment on the nerves of the heaven. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the heaven and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the glory and shame. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the reward on the nerves of the glory. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the glory and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the honor and dishonor. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the praise on the nerves of the honor. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the honor and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the love and hate. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the affection on the nerves of the love. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the love and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

of the joy and sorrow. This is the most common form of neuralgia, and is caused by the pressure of the emotion on the nerves of the joy. St. Jacobs Oil penetrates the joy and soothes the nerves, and brings a sure cure.

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